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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**Form 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 1-32381

**HERBALIFE LTD.**

*(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)*

**Cayman Islands**  
*(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)*

**P.O. Box 309  
Ugland House  
Grand Cayman  
Cayman Islands**  
*(Address of principal executive offices)*

**98-0377871**  
*(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)*

**KY1-1104**  
*(Zip code)*

**(213) 745-0500**

*(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)*

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:**

**Title of each class:**  
Common Shares, par value \$0.0005 per share

**Trading Symbol(s):**  
HLF

**Name of each exchange on which registered:**  
New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Number of shares of registrant's common shares outstanding as of April 23, 2025 was 101,846,731.

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**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**HERBALIFE LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS  
(Unaudited)**

	<b>March 31, 2025</b>	<b>December 31, 2024</b>
	<i>(in millions, except share and par value amounts)</i>	
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 329.4	\$ 415.3
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	90.1	68.9
Inventories	488.0	475.4
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	186.5	184.1
Total current assets	1,094.0	1,143.7
Property, plant, and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	450.3	460.2
Operating lease right-of-use assets	183.6	185.7
Marketing-related intangibles and other intangible assets, net	311.9	312.3
Goodwill	89.2	87.7
Deferred income tax assets	414.3	398.6
Other assets	141.0	139.9
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,684.3</u>	<u>\$ 2,728.1</u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 85.4	\$ 70.0
Royalty overrides	306.4	334.1
Current portion of long-term debt	218.7	283.5
Other current liabilities	518.5	542.8
Total current liabilities	1,129.0	1,230.4
Long-term debt, net of current portion	1,975.0	1,976.6
Non-current operating lease liabilities	167.4	169.5
Other non-current liabilities	148.9	152.7
Total liabilities	3,420.3	3,529.2
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' deficit:		
Common shares, \$0.0005 par value; 2.0 billion shares authorized; 101.6 million (2025) and 101.2 million (2024) shares outstanding	0.1	0.1
Paid-in capital in excess of par value	287.9	278.2
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(266.4)	(271.4)
Accumulated deficit	(757.6)	(808.0)
Total shareholders' deficit	(736.0)	(801.1)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit	<u>\$ 2,684.3</u>	<u>\$ 2,728.1</u>

See the accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**HERBALIFE LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions, except per share amounts)</i>	
Net sales	\$ 1,221.7	\$ 1,264.3
Cost of sales	265.2	285.0
Gross profit	956.5	979.3
Royalty overrides	401.8	415.2
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	431.9	492.2
Operating income	122.8	71.9
Interest expense, net	52.0	37.9
Income before income taxes	70.8	34.0
Income taxes	20.4	9.7
Net income	<u>\$ 50.4</u>	<u>\$ 24.3</u>
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.24
Diluted	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.24
Weighted-average shares outstanding:		
Basic	101.5	99.7
Diluted	102.2	100.7

See the accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**HERBALIFE LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>March 31,</b>	<b>March 31,</b>
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Net income	\$ 50.4	\$ 24.3
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income taxes of \$0.4 and \$(0.1) for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively	8.7	(9.9)
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of income taxes of \$— and \$(0.1) for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively	(3.7)	(1.0)
<b>Total other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>(10.9)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b><u>\$ 55.4</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 13.4</u></b>

See the accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**HERBALIFE LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 50.4	\$ 24.3
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</b>		
Depreciation and amortization	30.7	29.2
Share-based compensation expenses	11.6	11.9
Non-cash interest expense	4.1	2.1
Deferred income taxes	(13.1)	(12.1)
Inventory write-downs	11.4	4.7
Foreign exchange transaction loss (gain)	1.4	(1.4)
Other	(1.4)	1.3
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Receivables	(20.0)	(7.7)
Inventories	(16.7)	(6.7)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2.3)	(7.6)
Accounts payable	11.5	1.3
Royalty overrides	(32.7)	(27.7)
Other current liabilities	(26.5)	8.9
Other	(8.2)	(6.7)
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>13.8</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Purchases of property, plant, and equipment	(18.3)	(32.9)
Other	(0.5)	0.1
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(18.8)</b>	<b>(32.8)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Borrowings from senior secured credit facility and other debt	65.0	161.2
Principal payments on senior secured credit facility and other debt	(70.3)	(120.7)
Repayment of convertible senior notes	—	(197.0)
Repayment of senior notes	(65.0)	—
Share repurchases	(2.2)	(2.3)
Other	0.3	0.6
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(72.2)</b>	<b>(158.2)</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash	3.7	(5.8)
<b>Net change in cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash</b>	<b>(87.1)</b>	<b>(183.0)</b>
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	438.1	595.5
<b>Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, end of period</b>	<b>\$ 351.0</b>	<b>\$ 412.5</b>

See the accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**HERBALIFE LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Unaudited)**

**1. Organization**

Herbalife Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted company with limited liability, was incorporated on April 4, 2002. Herbalife Ltd. (and together with its subsidiaries, the “Company” or “Herbalife”) is a global nutrition company that sells weight management; targeted nutrition; energy, sports, and fitness; and outer nutrition products to and through a network of independent members, or Members. Members include consumers who purchase products for their own personal use and distributors who wish to resell products or build a sales organization. In China, the Company sells its products to and through independent service providers and sales representatives to customers and preferred customers, as well as through Company-operated retail platforms when necessary. The Company sells its products in five geographic regions: North America; Latin America, which consists of Mexico and South and Central America; EMEA, which consists of Europe, the Middle East, and Africa; Asia Pacific (excluding China); and China. See Note 6, *Segment Information*, for further information regarding geographic regions.

**2. Significant Accounting Policies**

*Basis of Presentation*

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Company has been prepared in accordance with Article 10 of the Securities and Exchange Commission’s, or SEC, Regulation S-X. Accordingly, as permitted by Article 10 of the SEC’s Regulation S-X, it does not include all of the information required by generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S., or U.S. GAAP, for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2024 was derived from the audited financial statements at that date and does not include all the disclosures required by U.S. GAAP, as permitted by Article 10 of the SEC’s Regulation S-X. The Company’s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2025 and for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 include Herbalife Ltd. and all of its direct and indirect subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial information contains all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the Company’s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2025 and for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, or the 2024 10-K. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2025.

*Recently Adopted Pronouncements*

In March 2024, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2024-02, *Codification Improvements – Amendments to Remove References to the Concepts Statements*. This ASU removes various references to concepts statements from the ASC. The goal of the amendments is to simplify the ASC and distinguish between non-authoritative and authoritative guidance (since, unlike the ASC, the concepts statements are non-authoritative). The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements.

In August 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-05, *Business Combinations – Joint Venture Formations (Subtopic 805-60): Recognition and Initial Measurement*. This ASU addresses the accounting for contributions made to a joint venture, upon formation, in a joint venture’s separate financial statements. The objectives of the amendments are to (1) provide decision-useful information to investors and other allocators of capital in a joint venture’s financial statements and (2) reduce diversity in practice. The standard will require that a joint venture apply a new basis of accounting upon formation. By applying a new basis of accounting, a joint venture, upon formation, will recognize and initially measure its assets and liabilities at fair value (with exceptions to fair value measurement that are consistent with the business combinations guidance). In addition, the update on the standard requires certain disclosures enabling financial statement users to understand the nature and financial effect of the joint venture formation in the period in which the formation date occurs. The amendments in this update do not amend the definition of a joint venture (or a corporate joint venture), the accounting by an equity method investor for its investment in a joint venture, or the accounting by a joint venture for contributions received after its formation. The amendments in this update are effective prospectively for all joint venture formations with a formation date on or after January 1, 2025, with early adoption permitted in any interim or annual period in which financial statements have not yet been issued (or made available for issuance), either prospectively or retrospectively. The adoption of this guidance during the first quarter of 2025 did not have a material impact on the Company’s condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### *New Accounting Pronouncements*

In October 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-06, *Disclosure Improvements: Codification Amendments in Response to the SEC's Disclosure Update and Simplification Initiative*, which amends the disclosure or presentation requirements of a variety of topics in the accounting standards codification (the "ASC") in order to conform with certain SEC amendments in Release No. 33-10532, *Disclosure Update and Simplification*. The effective date for each amendment will be the date on which the SEC removes that related disclosure from its rules. However, if by June 30, 2027, the SEC has not removed the related disclosure from its regulations, the amendments will be removed from the ASC and not become effective. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-09, *Income Tax (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which amended disclosure requirements for income taxes. The primary changes from this update relate to improvements over income tax disclosures related to the rate reconciliation, income taxes paid and other disclosures. These changes help investors better 1) understand on an entity's exposure to potential changes in jurisdictional tax legislation and the ensuing risks and opportunities, (2) assess income tax information that affects cash flow forecasts and capital allocation decisions, and (3) identify potential opportunities to increase future cash flows. The amendments in this update are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Topic 220): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*. This ASU requires new disclosures, in the notes to the financial statements, related to the disaggregation of certain expenses within the income statement. Additionally, a qualitative description is required of the amounts remaining in relevant expense captions that are not separately disaggregated quantitatively. Annually, an entity is also required to define and quantify its selling expenses. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-04, *Debt - Debt with Conversion and Other Options - (Topic 470) - Induced Conversions of Convertible Debt Instruments*. This ASU amends certain guidance related to induced conversion of convertible debt instruments and clarifies the applicability of induced conversion accounting as it relates to convertible debt that is cash-settled. Additionally, the amendments clarify that the incorporation, elimination, or modification of a volume-weighted average price formula does not automatically cause a settlement to be accounted for as an extinguishment and an entity should assess the form and amount of the conversion consideration to make that determination. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2025, and interim reporting periods within those annual reporting periods, with early adoption permitted for those entities that have adopted the amendments in ASU 2020-06. The Company is evaluating the potential impact of this guidance on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### *Revenue Recognition*

The Company's net sales consist of product sales. In general, the Company's performance obligation is to transfer its products to its Members. The Company generally recognizes revenue when product is delivered to its Members. For the majority of China independent service providers and for third-party importers utilized in certain other countries where sales historically have not been material, the Company recognizes revenue based on the Company's estimate of when the service provider or third-party importer sells the products because the Company is deemed to be the principal party of these product sales due to the additional selling and operating requirements relating to pricing of products, conducting business with physical locations, and other selling and marketing activities required of the service providers and third-party importers. The Company recognizes revenue for certain China independent service providers upon delivery as such Members have pricing discretion and increased fulfillment responsibilities and accordingly were determined to be the Company's customers for accounting purposes.

The Company's Members, excluding its China independent service providers, may receive distributor allowances, which are comprised of discounts, rebates, and wholesale commission payments from the Company. Distributor allowances resulting from the Company's sales of its products to its Members are recorded against net sales because the distributor allowances represent discounts from the suggested retail price.



The Company compensates its sales leader Members with royalty overrides for services rendered relating to the development, retention, and management of their sales organizations. Royalty overrides are payable based on achieved sales volume. Royalty overrides are classified as an operating expense reflecting the services provided to the Company. The Company compensates its China independent service providers and third-party importers utilized in certain other countries for providing marketing, selling, and customer support services. For China and third-party importer sales transactions, as the Company is the principal party for the majority of these product sales as described above, the majority of service fees payable to China independent service providers and the compensation received by third-party importers for the services they provide, which represents the discount provided to them, are recorded in selling, general, and administrative expenses within the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, for those certain China independent service providers who are deemed to be the Company's customers for accounting purposes as described above, a portion of the service fees payable to these Members will be classified as a reduction of net sales as opposed to the entire service fee being recognized within selling, general, and administrative expenses.

The Company recognizes revenue when it delivers products to its United States Members; distributor allowances, inclusive of discounts and wholesale commissions, are recorded as a reduction to net sales; and royalty overrides are classified as an operating expense.

Shipping and handling services relating to product sales are recognized as fulfillment activities on the Company's performance obligation to transfer products and are therefore recorded within net sales as part of product sales and are not considered as separate revenues. Shipping and handling costs paid by the Company are included in cost of sales.

The Company presents sales taxes collected from customers on a net basis.

The Company generally receives the net sales price in cash or through credit card payments at the point of sale. Accounts receivable consist principally of credit card receivables arising from the sale of products to the Company's Members, and its collection risk is reduced due to geographic dispersion. Credit card receivables were \$71.4 million and \$53.1 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. Substantially all credit card receivables were current as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The Company recorded bad-debt expense related to allowances for the Company's receivables of approximately zero and \$0.3 million during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts was \$2.7 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the majority of the Company's total outstanding accounts receivable were current.

The Company records advance sales deposits when payment is received but revenue has not yet been recognized. In the majority of the Company's markets, advance sales deposits are generally recorded to income when the product is delivered to its Members. Additionally, advance sales deposits also include deferred revenues due to the timing of revenue recognition for products sold through China independent service providers. The estimated deferral period for advance sales deposits is generally within one week. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company recognized substantially all of the revenues that were included within advance sales deposits as of December 31, 2024 and any remaining such balance was not material as of March 31, 2025. Advance sales deposits are included in other current liabilities on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 14, *Detail of Certain Balance Sheet Accounts*, for further information.

In general, if a Member returns product to the Company on a timely basis, they may obtain replacement product from the Company for such returned products. In addition, in general the Company maintains a buyback program pursuant to which it will repurchase products sold to a Member who has decided to leave the business. Allowances for product returns, primarily in connection with the Company's buyback program, are provided at the time the sale is recorded. This accrual is based upon historical return rates for each country and the relevant return pattern, which reflects anticipated returns to be received over a period of up to 12 months following the original sale. Allowances for product returns were \$1.9 million and \$1.8 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The Company's products are grouped in five product categories: weight management; targeted nutrition; energy, sports, and fitness; outer nutrition; and literature and promotional items. However, the effect of economic factors on the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue recognition and cash flows are similar among all five product categories. The Company defines its operating segments through five geographic regions. The effect of economic factors on the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue recognition and cash flows are similar among the geographic regions within the Company's Primary Reporting Segment. See Note 6, *Segment Information*, for further information on the Company's reportable segments and the Company's presentation of disaggregated revenue by reportable segment.

#### *Distributor Compensation – U.S.*

In the U.S., distributor compensation, including Royalty overrides, is capped if the Company does not meet an annual requirement as described in a consent order entered into with the U.S Federal Trade Commission in July 2016. On a periodic basis, the Company evaluates if this requirement will be achieved by year end to determine if a cap on distributor compensation will be required, and then determines the appropriate amount of distributor compensation expense, which may vary in each reporting period. As of March 31, 2025, the Company believes that the cap to distributor compensation will not be applicable for the current year.

#### *Other Operating Income*

To encourage local investment and operations, governments in various China provinces conduct grant programs. The Company applied for and received several such grants in China. Government grants are recorded into income when a legal right to the grant exists, there is a reasonable assurance that the grant proceeds will be received, and the substantive conditions under which the grants were provided have been met. Generally, these substantive conditions are the Company maintaining operations and paying certain taxes in the relevant province and obtaining government approval by completing an annual application process. The Company believes the continuing obligation with respect to the funds is a general requirement that they are used only for its business in China. The Company did not recognize any government grant income related to its regional headquarters and distribution centers within China during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. The Company intends to continue applying for government grants in China when programs are available; however, there is no assurance that the Company will receive grants in future periods.

#### *Restricted Cash*

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash reported within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the Company's condensed consolidated statements of cash flows:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 329.4	\$ 415.3
Restricted cash included in Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2.9	4.3
Restricted cash included in Other assets	18.7	18.5
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash shown in the statement of cash flows	<u>\$ 351.0</u>	<u>\$ 438.1</u>

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the majority of the Company's consolidated restricted cash consists of \$15.4 million in U.S. bank deposits related to the Company's tax assessment in Brazil. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, and Note 5, *Contingencies*, for further information.

#### *Use of Estimates*

The Company continues to operate in an uncertain macroeconomic and geopolitical environment caused by high inflation, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, the wars in Ukraine and the Middle East, rising trade tensions, including U.S. tariffs and retaliatory tariffs from foreign countries, and other factors. The Company is closely monitoring the evolving macroeconomic and geopolitical conditions to assess potential impacts on its business. Due to the significant uncertainty created by these circumstances, actual results could differ from Management's estimates and judgments. The Company evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis using historical experience and other factors, including the current macroeconomic and geopolitical environment, which estimates and assumptions the Company believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Changes in estimates resulting from continuing changes in the macroeconomic and geopolitical environment will be reflected in the financial statements in future periods.

### 3. Inventories

Inventories consist primarily of finished goods available for resale. Inventories are stated at lower of cost (primarily on the first-in, first-out basis) and net realizable value.

The following are the major classes of inventory:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Raw materials	\$ 69.8	\$ 74.0
Work in process	11.7	8.1
Finished goods	406.5	393.3
Total	<u>\$ 488.0</u>	<u>\$ 475.4</u>

### 4. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Borrowings under senior secured credit facility, carrying value	\$ 356.5	\$ 359.9
12.250% senior secured notes due 2029, carrying value	769.6	768.2
4.250% convertible senior notes due 2028, carrying value	272.3	271.9
7.875% senior notes due 2025, carrying value	197.1	261.8
4.875% senior notes due 2029, carrying value	595.6	595.4
Other	2.6	2.9
Total	2,193.7	2,260.1
Less: current portion	218.7	283.5
Long-term portion	<u>\$ 1,975.0</u>	<u>\$ 1,976.6</u>

#### *Senior Secured Credit Facility*

On August 16, 2018, the Company entered into a \$1.25 billion senior secured credit facility, or the 2018 Credit Facility, consisting of a \$250.0 million term loan A, or the 2018 Term Loan A, a \$750.0 million term loan B, or the 2018 Term Loan B, and a \$250.0 million revolving credit facility, or the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, with a syndicate of financial institutions as lenders.

Subsequently, the 2018 Credit Facility was amended in a series of amendments that, as of March 31, 2024, among other things, increased the borrowing capacity of the 2018 Term Loan A to a total of \$286.2 million and the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility to a total of \$330.0 million and establishing the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, or SOFR, for interest rate purposes under the 2018 Credit Facility. Borrowings utilizing SOFR under both the 2018 Term Loan A and 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, bore interest at, depending on the Company's total leverage ratio, either the Adjusted Term SOFR, which is the rate per annum equal to Term SOFR plus a rate adjustment based on interest periods of one month, three months, six months and twelve months tenors equaling to approximately 0.11%, 0.26%, 0.43% and 0.72%, respectively, plus a margin of between 1.75% and 2.25%, or the base rate, which represented the highest of the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, one-month Adjusted Term SOFR plus 1.00%, and the prime rate quoted by The Wall Street Journal, plus a margin of between 0.75% and 1.25%. Borrowings utilizing SOFR under the 2018 Term Loan B bore interest at either, the Adjusted Term SOFR plus a margin of 2.50%, or the base rate plus a margin of 1.50%. The Adjusted Term SOFR was subject to a floor of 0.00% and the base rate was subject to a floor of 1.00%. The Company paid commitment fees on the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility of, depending on the Company's total leverage ratio, between 0.25% to 0.35% per annum on the undrawn portion of the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility. The maturity date of both the 2018 Term Loan A and 2018 Revolving Credit Facility was March 19, 2025. The 2018 Term Loan B maturity date was August 18, 2025.

The 2018 Credit Facility required the Company to comply with a leverage ratio. The 2018 Credit Facility also contained affirmative and negative covenants customary for financings of this type, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on repurchasing common shares, declaring and paying dividends and other distributions, redeeming and repurchasing certain other indebtedness, making loans and investments, incurring additional indebtedness, granting liens, and effecting mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2018 Credit Facility contained customary events of default.

On April 12, 2024, concurrently with the issuance of the \$800.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes, or the 2029 Secured Notes, as described further below, the Company entered into the eighth amendment to the 2018 Credit Facility. The eighth amendment to the 2018 Credit Facility, among other things, refinanced and replaced in full the 2018 Credit Facility with, (i) a Term Loan B Facility, or the 2024 Term Loan B, with an aggregate principal amount of \$400.0 million and (ii) a revolving credit facility, or the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility, with an aggregate principal amount of \$400.0 million, collectively the 2024 Credit Facility. All obligations under the 2024 Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by certain direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Herbalife Ltd. and secured on a senior secured basis by the equity interests of certain of Herbalife Ltd.'s subsidiaries and substantially all of the assets of the domestic loan parties. Interest is due at least quarterly on amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility.

The 2024 Term Loan B Facility was issued to the lenders at a 7.00% discount, or \$28.0 million, and the Company incurred approximately \$10.3 million of debt issuance costs in connection with the 2024 Credit Facility. The Company may prepay the 2024 Term Loan B at a 102% premium at any time on or before the first anniversary, 101% premium following the first anniversary and on or prior to the second anniversary, and, solely in connection with a repricing event, at a 101% premium after the second anniversary but on or prior to the third anniversary, and generally at no premium thereafter. The 2024 Term Loan B requires quarterly payments equal to 5.0% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Term Loan B per annum, commencing in September 2024. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the 2024 Credit Facility, the Company may be required to make mandatory prepayments towards the 2024 Term Loan B based on an annual excess cash flow calculation and consolidated leverage ratio as defined under the terms of the 2024 Credit Facility.

Proceeds from the 2024 Term Loan B together with the proceeds from the 2029 Secured Notes were used to repay indebtedness, including all borrowings outstanding under the 2018 Credit Facility, effectively terminating its \$228.9 million outstanding principal balance on the 2018 Term Loan A, and repaying \$584.3 million on the 2018 Term Loan B, \$170.0 million on the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, and a portion of the 2025 Notes described further below. For accounting purposes, pursuant to ASC 470, *Debt*, these transactions were accounted for as an extinguishment of the 2018 Credit Facility. As a result, the Company recognized \$981.0 million as a reduction to long-term debt representing the carrying value of the 2018 Credit Facility repaid in full in the second quarter of 2024. The Company also recognized a loss on extinguishment of approximately \$2.5 million, as a result, which was recorded in other expense, net within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income during the second quarter of 2024.

Borrowings utilizing SOFR under the 2024 Credit Facility use Adjusted Term SOFR. The applicable interest rates on the Company's borrowings under the 2024 Term Loan B, as amended, bear interest at either, the Adjusted Term SOFR plus a margin of 6.75%, or the base rate plus a margin of 5.75%. The 2024 Term Loan B Facility matures upon the earlier of (i) April 12, 2029, or (ii) March 16, 2028 if the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$100.0 million and the Company exceeds certain leverage ratios as of that date, or (iii) June 2, 2025 if the outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$200.0 million on such date. The outstanding principal balance of the 2025 Notes was \$197.3 million as of March 31, 2025.

Depending on the Company's total leverage ratio, borrowings under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at either the Adjusted Term SOFR plus a margin of between 5.50% and 6.50%, or the base rate plus a margin of between 4.50% and 5.50%. The Company pays a commitment fee on the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility of, depending on the Company's total leverage ratio, between 0.35% to 0.45% per annum on the undrawn portion of the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility. The 2024 Revolving Credit Facility matures upon the earlier of (i) April 12, 2028, (ii) December 16, 2027 if the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$100.0 million and the Company exceeds certain leverage ratios as of that date, or (iii) March 3, 2025 if the outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$200.0 million on such date. The outstanding principal balance of the 2025 Notes was \$197.3 million as of March 31, 2025.

The 2024 Credit Facility contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants customary for financings of this type, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on declaring and paying dividends and other distributions, redeeming and repurchasing certain other indebtedness, making loans and investments, incurring additional indebtedness, granting liens, and effecting mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2024 Credit Facility contains customary events of default. The 2024 Revolving Credit Facility requires the Company to maintain a maximum total leverage ratio of 4.50:1.00 through December 31, 2024, stepping down to 4.25:1.00 on March 31, 2025 and 4.00:1.00 at September 30, 2025 and thereafter. The financial covenants also include a maximum first lien net leverage ratio of 2.50:1.00, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.00:1.00, and a minimum liquidity of \$200.0 million of revolver availability and accessible cash. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company was in compliance with its financial covenants under the 2024 Credit Facility.

The Company is permitted to make voluntary prepayments, subject to the premiums as discussed above. These prepayments, if any, will be applied against remaining quarterly installments owed under the 2024 Term Loan B in order of maturity with the remaining principal due upon maturity, unless directed otherwise by the Company. Pursuant to the terms of the 2018 Credit Facility excess cash flow clause and based on the 2023 excess cash flow calculation and consolidated leverage ratio as of December 31, 2023, as described and defined under the terms of the 2018 Credit Facility, the Company made a \$66.3 million mandatory prepayment towards the 2018 Term Loan B during the first quarter of 2024.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 the weighted-average interest rate for borrowings under the 2024 Credit Facility was 11.25% and 10.35%, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company borrowed an aggregate amount of \$65.0 million under the 2024 Credit Facility, all of which was under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility, and repaid a total amount of \$70.0 million on amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, which included \$65.0 million of repayments on amounts outstanding under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company borrowed an aggregate amount of \$160.0 million under the 2018 Credit Facility, all of which was under the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, and repaid a total amount of \$103.5 million on amounts outstanding under the 2018 Credit Facility, which included \$30.0 million of repayments on amounts outstanding under the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility and a \$66.3 million mandatory prepayment on amounts outstanding under the 2018 Term Loan B. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the U.S. dollar amount outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility was \$385.0 million and \$390.0 million, respectively. Of the \$385.0 million outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025, \$385.0 million was outstanding under the 2024 Term Loan B. Of the \$390.0 million outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility as of December 31, 2024, \$390.0 million was outstanding under the 2024 Term Loan B. There were no borrowings outstanding under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. In addition, as of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company had an issued but undrawn letter of credit against the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility, of approximately \$45 million which reduced the Company's remaining available borrowing capacity under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility. As a result of the issued but undrawn letter of credit, as of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the remaining available borrowing capacity under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility was approximately \$355 million. There were no outstanding foreign currency borrowings under the 2024 Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$13.1 million and \$18.9 million, respectively, of interest expense relating to the 2024 Credit Facility and 2018 Credit Facility, as applicable, which included \$1.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, relating to non-cash interest expense relating to the debt discount and \$0.6 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, relating to amortization of debt issuance costs.

The fair value of the outstanding borrowings under the 2024 Term Loan B are determined by utilizing over-the-counter market quotes, which are considered Level 2 inputs as described in Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the 2024 Term Loan B was \$356.5 million and \$359.9 million, respectively, and the fair value was approximately \$386.7 million and \$387.3 million, respectively.

#### *Senior Secured Notes due 2029*

In April 2024, the Company issued \$800.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes, or the 2029 Secured Notes, in a private offering in the United States to persons reasonably believed to be qualified institutional buyers, pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and outside the United States to non-US persons pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2029 Secured Notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by the Company and each of the Company's existing and future subsidiaries that is a guarantor of the obligations of any domestic borrower under the 2024 Credit Facility. The 2029 Secured Notes pay interest at a rate of 12.250% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2024. The 2029 Secured Notes mature on April 15, 2029.

At any time prior to April 15, 2026, the Company may redeem all or part of the 2029 Secured Notes at a redemption price equal to 100% of their principal amount, plus a “make whole” premium as of the redemption date and accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. In addition, at any time prior to April 15, 2026, the Company may redeem up to 40% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2029 Secured Notes with the proceeds of one or more equity offerings, at a redemption price equal to 112.250%, plus accrued and unpaid interest. Furthermore, at any time on or after April 15, 2026, the Company may redeem all or part of the 2029 Secured Notes at the following redemption prices, expressed as percentages of principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date, if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on April 15 of the years indicated below:

	Percentage
2026	106.125 %
2027	103.063 %
2028 and thereafter	100.000 %

The 2029 Secured Notes contain customary negative covenants, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on restricted payments, incurrence of additional indebtedness, liens, mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2029 Secured Notes contain customary events of default.

The 2029 Secured Notes were sold at a 2.702% discount to par, or \$21.6 million, and the Company incurred approximately \$13.9 million of issuance cost in connection with the issuance of the 2029 Secured Notes. The total of \$35.5 million which was recorded as a debt discount on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet, is being amortized over the contractual term of the 2029 Secured Notes using the effective-interest method.

As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2029 Secured Notes was \$800.0 million, the unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs were \$30.4 million, and the carrying amount was \$769.6 million, which was recorded to long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal on the 2029 Secured Notes was \$800.0 million, the unamortized debt discount and debt issuance costs were \$31.8 million, and the carrying amount was \$768.2 million, which was recorded to long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the 2029 Secured Notes was approximately \$881.4 million and \$851.3 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, and was determined by utilizing over-the-counter market quotes and yield curves, which are considered Level 2 inputs as defined in Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company recognized \$25.9 million of interest expense relating to the 2029 Secured Notes, which included \$0.8 million relating to non-cash interest expense relating to the debt discount and \$0.5 million relating to amortization of debt issuance costs.

#### *Convertible Senior Notes due 2024*

In March 2018, the Company issued \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes, or the 2024 Convertible Notes, in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers, pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2024 Convertible Notes were senior unsecured obligations which ranked effectively subordinate to any of the Company's existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2018 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2024 Convertible Notes paid interest at a rate of 2.625% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on September 15, 2018. Unless redeemed, repurchased or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date, the 2024 Convertible Notes matured on March 15, 2024. On and after December 15, 2023, holders could convert their 2024 Convertible Notes at any time, regardless of the circumstances. In December 2021, the Company made an irrevocable election under the indenture governing the 2024 Convertible Notes to require the principal portion of the 2024 Convertible Notes to be settled in cash and any excess in shares or cash. Upon conversion, the 2024 Convertible Notes would have been settled in cash and, if applicable, the Company's common shares, based on the applicable conversion rate at such time. The 2024 Convertible Notes had an initial conversion rate of 16.0056 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2024 Convertible Notes, or an initial conversion price of approximately \$62.48 per common share. The conversion rate was subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events and was 16.0467 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2024 Convertible Notes, or a conversion price of approximately \$62.32 per common share, as of March 15, 2024, prior to its maturity.

The Company repurchased \$287.5 million and \$65.5 million of its 2024 Convertible Notes in December 2022 and August 2023, respectively. For accounting purposes, pursuant to ASC 470, *Debt*, these transactions were accounted for as an extinguishment of 2024 Convertible Notes. On March 15, 2024, the 2024 Convertible Notes matured and the Company repaid the remaining \$197.0 million outstanding principal in cash, as well as \$2.6 million of accrued interest. For further discussion refer to Note 5, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2024 10-K.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company recognized \$1.2 million of interest expense relating to the 2024 Convertible Notes, which included \$0.2 million relating to amortization of debt issuance costs.

#### *Convertible Senior Notes due 2028*

In December 2022, the Company issued \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes in a private offering to qualified institutional buyers, pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The Company granted an option to the initial purchasers to purchase up to an additional \$37.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2028 Convertible Notes, of which \$27.5 million was exercised during December 2022, resulting in a total issuance of \$277.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2028 Convertible Notes. The 2028 Convertible Notes are senior unsecured obligations which rank effectively subordinate to any of the Company's existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2028 Convertible Notes pay interest at a rate of 4.25% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning on June 15, 2023. Unless redeemed, repurchased or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date, the 2028 Convertible Notes mature on June 15, 2028. Holders of the 2028 Convertible Notes may convert their notes at their option under the following circumstances: (i) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending March 31, 2023, if the last reported sale price of the Company's common shares for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) in a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter exceeds 130% of the conversion price for the 2028 Convertible Notes on each applicable trading day; (ii) during the five business-day period immediately after any five consecutive trading day period, or the measurement period, in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of 2028 Convertible Notes for each trading day of that measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company's common shares and the conversion rate for the 2028 Convertible Notes for each such day; (iii) if the Company calls the 2028 Convertible Notes for redemption; or (iv) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On and after March 15, 2028, holders may convert their 2028 Convertible Notes at any time, regardless of the foregoing circumstances. Upon conversion, the principal portion of the 2028 Convertible Notes will be settled in cash and to the extent the conversion value exceeds the principal amount, the Company may elect to settle in cash, or a combination of cash and common shares, based on the applicable conversion rate at such time. The 2028 Convertible Notes had an initial conversion rate of 58.8998 common shares per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2028 Convertible Notes, or an initial conversion price of approximately \$16.98 per common share. The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon the occurrence of certain events.

The Company incurred approximately \$8.5 million of issuance costs during the fourth quarter of 2022 relating to the issuance of the 2028 Convertible Notes. These were recorded as a debt discount on the Company's consolidated balance sheet and are being amortized over the contractual term of the 2028 Convertible Notes using the effective-interest method. The effective-interest rate on the 2028 Convertible Notes is approximately 4.9% per annum.

As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes was \$277.5 million, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$5.2 million, and the carrying amount was \$272.3 million, which was recorded to long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes was \$277.5 million, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$5.6 million, and the carrying amount was \$271.9 million, which was recorded to long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the 2028 Convertible Notes was approximately \$239.4 million and \$215.3 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, and was determined by utilizing over-the-counter market quotes, which are considered Level 2 inputs as defined in Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$3.3 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, of interest expense relating to the 2028 Convertible Notes, which included \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, relating to non-cash interest expense relating to amortization of debt issuance costs.

#### *Senior Notes due 2025*

In May 2020, the Company issued \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes, or the 2025 Notes, in a private offering in the United States to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2025 Notes are senior unsecured obligations which rank effectively subordinate to any of the Company's existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2025 Notes pay interest at a rate of 7.875% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on March 1, 2021. The 2025 Notes mature on September 1, 2025.

The Company may redeem all or part of the 2025 Notes at 100.0% of principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date.

The 2025 Notes contain customary negative covenants, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on restricted payments, incurrence of additional indebtedness, liens, mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2025 Notes contain customary events of default.

The Company incurred approximately \$7.9 million of issuance costs during the second quarter of 2020 relating to the issuance of the 2025 Notes. The \$7.9 million of debt issuance costs, which was recorded as a debt discount on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet, are being amortized over the contractual term of the 2025 Notes using the effective-interest method.

In April 2024, the Company redeemed \$300.0 million of the 2025 Notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$309.1 million, which included \$3.2 million of accrued interest. For accounting purposes, pursuant to ASC 470, *Debt*, this transaction was accounted for as an extinguishment of the portion of the 2025 Notes redeemed. As a result, the Company recognized \$298.8 million as a reduction to long-term debt representing the carrying value of the redeemed 2025 Notes. The \$7.1 million difference between the cash paid and carrying value of the redeemed 2025 Notes was recognized as a loss on the extinguishment of debt and was recorded in other expense, net within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income during the second quarter of 2024. Separately, in April 2024, the Company also repurchased \$37.7 million of the 2025 Notes in a private transaction for an aggregate purchase price of \$38.9 million, which included \$0.5 million of accrued interest and, for accounting purposes, pursuant to ASC 470, *Debt*, this repurchase transaction was accounted for as an extinguishment of the portion of the 2025 Notes repurchased. As a result, the Company recognized \$37.5 million as a reduction to long-term debt representing the carrying value of the repurchased 2025 Notes. The \$0.9 million difference between the cash paid and carrying value of the repurchased 2025 Notes was recognized as a loss on the extinguishment of debt and was recorded in other expense, net within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income during the second quarter of 2024. In February 2025, the Company redeemed \$65.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2025 Notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$67.3 million, which included \$2.3 million of accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date.

As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes was \$197.3 million, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$0.2 million, and the carrying amount was \$197.1 million, which was recorded to current portion of long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes was \$262.3 million, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$0.5 million, and the carrying amount was \$261.8 million, which was recorded to current portion of long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the 2025 Notes was approximately \$199.8 million and \$263.0 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, and was determined by utilizing over-the-counter market quotes and yield curves, which are considered Level 2 inputs as defined in Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$4.7 million and \$12.2 million, respectively, of interest expense relating to the 2025 Notes, which included \$0.3 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, relating to amortization of debt issuance costs.

#### *Senior Notes due 2029*

In May 2021, the Company issued \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes, or the 2029 Notes, in a private offering in the United States to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and outside the United States pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The 2029 Notes are senior unsecured obligations which rank effectively subordinate to any of the Company's existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2029 Notes pay interest at a rate of 4.875% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2021. The 2029 Notes mature on June 1, 2029.

The Company may redeem all or part of the 2029 Notes at the following redemption prices, expressed as percentages of principal amount, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon to the redemption date, if redeemed during the twelve-month period beginning on June 1 of the years indicated below:

	<b>Percentage</b>
2024	102.438 %
2025	101.219 %
2026 and thereafter	100.000 %

The 2029 Notes contain customary negative covenants, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on restricted payments, incurrence of additional indebtedness, liens, mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2029 Notes contain customary events of default.



The Company incurred approximately \$7.7 million of issuance costs during the second quarter of 2021 relating to the issuance of the 2029 Notes. The \$7.7 million of debt issuance costs, which was recorded as a debt discount on the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet, are being amortized over the contractual term of the 2029 Notes using the effective-interest method.

As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2029 Notes was \$600.0 million, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$4.4 million, and the carrying amount was \$595.6 million, which was recorded to long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal on the 2029 Notes was \$600.0 million, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$4.6 million, and the carrying amount was \$595.4 million, which was recorded to long-term debt within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheet. The fair value of the 2029 Notes was approximately \$467.1 million and \$421.5 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, and was determined by utilizing over-the-counter market quotes and yield curves, which are considered Level 2 inputs as defined in Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company recognized \$7.5 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, of interest expense relating to the 2029 Notes, which included \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, relating to amortization of debt issuance costs.

#### *Total Debt*

The Company's total interest expense was \$54.6 million and \$41.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which was recognized within its condensed consolidated statements of income.

As of March 31, 2025, annual scheduled principal payments of debt were as follows:

	<b>Principal Payments</b> <i>(in millions)</i>
2025	\$ 213.7
2026	20.6
2027	20.5
2028	297.6
2029	1,710.0
Thereafter	—
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,262.4</u></b>

Certain vendors and government agencies may require letters of credit or similar guaranteeing arrangements to be issued or executed. As of March 31, 2025, the Company had approximately \$139.0 million of issued but undrawn letters of credit or similar arrangements, which includes approximately \$45 million of an undrawn letter of credit against the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility, as discussed above, and approximately \$65 million of surety bonds, both related to the Company's tax assessments in Brazil as described further in Note 5, *Contingencies*. In November 2024, related to the Brazil tax assessments, the Company also obtained an issued but undrawn letter of credit of approximately \$15 million that was collateralized with the Company's cash for the full amount which did not impact the available borrowing capacity under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility.

#### **5. Contingencies**

The Company is from time to time engaged in routine litigation. The Company regularly reviews all pending litigation matters in which it is involved and establishes reserves deemed appropriate by management for these litigation matters when a probable loss estimate can be made.

The matters described in this Note may take several years to resolve. While the Company believes it has meritorious defenses, it cannot be sure of their ultimate resolution. Although the Company may reserve amounts for certain matters that the Company believes represent the most likely outcome of the resolution of these related disputes, if the Company is incorrect in its assessment, the Company may have to record additional expenses, when it becomes probable that an increased potential liability is warranted.

### *Tax Matters*

The Mexican Tax Administration Service has delayed processing value-added tax, or VAT, refunds for companies operating in Mexico and the Company believes that the process for its Mexico subsidiary to receive VAT refunds may be delayed. As of March 31, 2025, the Company had \$17.4 million of Mexico VAT-related assets, of which \$7.3 million was recognized in prepaid expenses and other current assets and \$10.1 million was recognized in other assets within its condensed consolidated balance sheet. This amount relates to VAT payments made over various periods and the Company believes these amounts are recoverable by refund or they may be applied against certain future tax liabilities. Effective January 1, 2019, a tax reform law changed the rules concerning possible use of VAT assets, specifically providing that, for VAT balances generated after December 31, 2018, those balances could not be offset against taxes other than VAT obligations currently due. The Company has not recognized any losses related to these VAT-related assets as the Company does not believe a loss is probable.

In addition, the Mexican Tax Administration Service audited the Company's various tax filings for the 2019 year. During July 2024, the Company received a tax assessment for its 2019 tax year of approximately \$21.4 million, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate, relating to the VAT rate that was primarily applicable to certain of the Company's products that were previously imported into Mexico. The Company filed a formal administrative appeal process in September 2024. The Company believes that it has meritorious defenses. The Company has not recognized a loss as the Company does not believe a loss is probable.

The Company has received tax assessments for multiple years from the Federal Revenue Office of Brazil related to withholding/contributions based on payments to the Company's Members. In February 2022, the Company received a mixed verdict related to the 2004 tax assessment which reduced the exposure to the Company. The aggregate combined amount of all these assessments is equivalent to approximately \$15.1 million, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate. The Company is currently litigating these assessments and has provided a surety bond for certain of these amounts. The Company has not accrued a loss for the majority of the assessments because the Company does not believe a loss is probable. The Company is currently unable to reasonably estimate the amount of the loss that may result from an unfavorable outcome if additional assessments for other periods were to be issued.

The Company is under examination in several Brazilian states related to ICMS and ICMS-ST taxation. Some of these examinations have resulted in assessments for underpaid tax that the Company has appealed. The State of São Paulo has audited the Company for the 2013 and 2014 tax years. During July 2016 and August 2017, for the State of São Paulo, the Company received assessments in the aggregate amount of approximately \$27.9 million and approximately \$10.3 million, respectively, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate, relating to various ICMS issues for its 2013 and 2014 tax years, respectively. The Company appealed both of these assessments. The Company received an unfavorable decision at the Third Level Administrative Court on the 2013 tax year case and in November 2023, the Company provided a surety bond to the Court and an undrawn letter of credit to the surety bond issuer, each for approximately \$45 million, in order to litigate the case at the Judicial level. During August 2024, the Company received an unfavorable decision at the Third Level Administrative Court on the 2014 tax year case, and subsequently, the Company provided a surety bond to the Court for approximately \$20 million and an undrawn letter of credit to the surety bond issuer for approximately \$15 million in order to litigate the case at the Judicial level. The Company is continuing to litigate both of these assessments. Separately, the State of São Paulo is auditing the Company for the 2017 to 2023 tax years, and during December 2023, March 2024, June 2024, and August 2024, the Company received assessments in the aggregate amount of approximately \$40.1 million, approximately \$25.3 million, approximately \$15.2 million, and approximately \$11.1 million, respectively, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate, relating to various ICMS issues for its 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2021 tax years, respectively. The 2018 through 2021 tax year cases are all under Administrative appeal and the Company has received favorable verdicts for all of these tax year cases at the First Level Administrative Court. The Company expects the Tax Authority to appeal these decisions at the First Level Administrative Court. Litigation in all these cases is currently ongoing. The Company has not recognized a loss relating to any of these cases, assessments, and matters as the Company does not believe a loss is probable.

During September 2018, for the State of Rio de Janeiro in Brazil, the Company received an assessment in the aggregate amount of approximately \$6.1 million, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate, relating to various ICMS-ST issues for its 2016 and 2017 tax years. The Company is appealing this assessment and the case is at the First Level Judicial Court. The Company has also received other ICMS tax assessments in Brazil. During the fourth quarter of 2015, the Company filed appeals with state judicial courts against three of the assessments. The Company had provided surety bonds in the aggregate amount of \$11.0 million, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate, to guarantee payment of some of the tax assessments as required while the Company pursues the appeals. In addition, the Company has received several ICMS tax assessments in the aggregate amount of \$2.5 million, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate, from several other Brazilian states where surety bonds have not been issued. Litigation in all these cases is currently ongoing. The Company has not recognized a loss relating to any of these cases, assessments, and matters as the Company does not believe a loss is probable.

The Company has received various tax assessments in multiple jurisdictions in India for multiple years from the Indian VAT and Service Tax authorities in an amount equivalent to approximately \$12.0 million, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate. These assessments are for underpaid VAT and the ability to claim input Service Tax credits. The Company is litigating these cases at the tax administrative level and the tax tribunal levels as it believes it has meritorious defenses. The Company has not recognized a loss as it does not believe a loss is probable. In addition, the Indian income tax authorities audited the Company's fiscal years ended March 31, 2017, 2018, 2020, 2021, and 2022 and the Company has received assessments for tax and interest of approximately \$17.0 million, \$16.5 million, \$21.7 million, \$19.1 million, and \$27.0 million for those respective years, translated at the March 31, 2025 spot rate. These assessments are subject to interest and penalty adjustments. For the assessments related to fiscal years March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2018, the Company received a favorable verdict at the Tax Tribunal level; however, the government has appealed these verdicts to the High Court. The Company intends to litigate these cases for fiscal years ended March 31, 2017, 2018, 2020, 2021, and 2022. The Company currently believes that it is more likely than not that it will be successful in supporting its positions relating to these assessments. Accordingly, the Company has not accrued any amounts relating to these matters. In addition, the Indian income tax authorities are auditing multiple years and it is uncertain whether additional assessments will be received.

#### *Other Matters*

As a marketer of foods, dietary and nutritional supplements, and other products that are ingested by consumers or applied to their bodies, the Company has been and is currently subjected to various product liability claims. The effects of these claims to date have not been material to the Company. The Company currently maintains product liability insurance with an annual deductible of \$12.5 million.

On January 17, 2022, the Company filed a lawsuit, titled *Herbalife International of America, Inc. vs. Eastern Computer Exchange, Inc.*, against a former technology services vendor in the U.S. District Court for the Central District of California. The Company alleges claims of breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, fraudulent concealment, conversion, and declaratory relief related to the defendant's request for payment for technology services and products that the company never authorized. The defendant asserted numerous counterclaims against the Company. On December 28, 2022, the Court partially granted a motion to dismiss counterclaims, leaving only breach of contract, promissory estoppel, and declaratory relief counterclaims. Summary judgment motions were filed, and the Court denied the defendant's motion for summary judgment and partially granted the Company's motion for summary judgment on March 18, 2024. Trial went forward on April 8, 2025 and resulted in a verdict in favor of the Company, including a total judgment of \$1.5 million on the Company's fraudulent concealment claim and defeat of the defendant's promissory estoppel claim.

On October 31, 2024, the Company and certain of its executive officers were named as defendants in a purported class action lawsuit filed in the Los Angeles County Superior Court, titled *Sarah DeSimone v. Herbalife Ltd. et al.* The complaint alleges violations of the California Labor Code, including misclassification of distributors as independent contractors. Plaintiff filed an amended complaint on February 21, 2025 to assert claims under the California Private Attorneys General Act. The plaintiff seeks damages in an unspecified amount. The Company will vigorously defend itself against the claims in the lawsuit. The Company is currently unable to reasonably estimate the amount of the loss that may result from an unfavorable outcome and does not believe a loss is probable.

## 6. Segment Information

The Company is a nutrition company that sells a wide range of weight management; targeted nutrition; energy, sports, and fitness; and outer nutrition products. The Company's products are manufactured by the Company in its Changsha, Hunan, China extraction facility; Suzhou, China facility; Lake Forest, California facility; and Winston-Salem, North Carolina facility, as well as by third-party providers, and then are sold to Members who consume and sell Herbalife products to retail consumers or other Members. Revenues reflect sales of products by the Company to its Members and are categorized based on geographic location.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company sold products in 95 markets throughout the world and was organized and managed by five geographic regions: North America, Latin America, EMEA, Asia Pacific, and China. The Company defines its operating segments as those geographical operations. The Company aggregates its operating segments, excluding China, into a reporting segment, or the Primary Reporting Segment, as management believes that the Company's operating segments have similar operating characteristics and similar long-term operating performance. In making this determination, management believes that the operating segments are similar in the nature of the products sold, the product acquisition process, the types of customers to whom products are sold, the methods used to distribute the products, the nature of the regulatory environment, and their economic characteristics. China has been identified as a separate reporting segment as it does not meet the criteria for aggregation. The Company determined the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) as its Chief Executive Officer. The CODM reviews financial information, including net sales and contribution margin by operating segment, in order to determine how to allocate the Company's resources across its operating segments, and reviews its assets and capital expenditures on a consolidated basis and not by operating segment. Therefore, net sales and contribution margin are presented by reportable segment and assets and capital expenditures by segment are not presented.

Operating information for the two reportable segments is as follows:

	March 31, 2025	Three Months Ended (in millions)	March 31, 2024
<b>Net sales:</b>			
Primary Reporting Segment	\$	1,156.9	\$ 1,189.1
China		64.8	75.2
Total net sales	\$	<u>1,221.7</u>	<u>\$ 1,264.3</u>
<b>Significant segment expenses</b>			
Cost of Sales (4)(5):			
Primary Reporting Segment	\$	255.9	\$ 273.4
China		9.3	11.6
Total cost of sales	\$	265.2	\$ 285.0
Royalty Overrides and service fees to China independent service providers(1)(3)(4)(5):			
Primary Reporting Segment	\$	401.2	\$ 414.5
China		32.2	37.5
Total royalty overrides and service fees to China independent service providers	\$	433.4	\$ 452.0
<b>Contribution margin(1)(3):</b>			
Primary Reporting Segment	\$	499.8	\$ 501.2
China		23.3	26.1
Total contribution margin	\$	523.1	\$ 527.3
Selling, general, and administrative expenses excluding service fees to China independent service providers(1)(2)(3)			
		400.3	455.4
Interest expense, net			
		52.0	37.9
Income before income taxes			
		70.8	34.0
Income taxes			
		20.4	9.7
Net income	\$	<u>50.4</u>	<u>\$ 24.3</u>

(1)Contribution margin consists of net sales less cost of sales, Royalty overrides, and service fees to our independent service providers in China. For the China segment, contribution margin includes the portion of service fees to China independent service providers that are currently recorded in selling, general, and administrative expenses within the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income, which totaled \$31.6 million and \$36.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

(2) Selling, general, and administrative expenses exclude the portion of service fees to China independent service providers that are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses within the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income as described in footnote (1) above.

(3) In the second quarter of 2024, the Company, as part of its restructuring initiatives, which are described further in Note 13, *Restructuring Activities*, changed its contribution margin presentation for its China segment which now includes expenses related to service fees to the Company's independent service providers in China as described in the footnotes immediately above. Historically, the China contribution margin did not include the portion of service fees that are recognized in selling, general and administrative expenses in the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income. Historical information presented in the table above has been reclassified to conform with the current period contribution margin presentation. This change had no impact on the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income and only impacts this segment note presentation.

(4) The significant expense categories and amounts align with the segment-level information that is regularly provided to the CODM.

(5) As a result of adopting ASU 2023-07 during the fourth quarter of 2024, the Company has expanded and updated its disclosures for the current year and prior year periods as described in Note 2, *Basis of Presentation*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2024 10-K.

The following table sets forth net sales by geographic area:

	March 31, 2025	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024	March 31, 2024
	(in millions)		
<b>Net sales:</b>			
United States	\$	247.7	\$ 258.7
India		209.3	203.5
Mexico		126.5	140.9
Vietnam		75.4	75.6
China		64.8	75.2
Others		498.0	510.4
Total net sales	\$	<u>1,221.7</u>	\$ <u>1,264.3</u>

## 7. Share-Based Compensation

The Company has share-based compensation plans, which are more fully described in Note 9, *Share-Based Compensation*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2024 10-K. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company granted its executives stock appreciation rights, or SARs, subject to service conditions and restricted stock units subject to service and performance conditions, or performance stock units.

Share-based compensation expense amounted to \$11.6 million and \$11.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to all non-vested stock awards was \$60.2 million and the related weighted-average period over which it is expected to be recognized is approximately 1.7 years.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company granted SARs with service conditions to its executives which generally vest over a two to three-year period. The fair value of all these SARs was determined on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model. These grants are included in the table below.

The following table summarizes the activity for all SARs under the Company's share-based compensation plans for the three months ended March 31, 2025:

	Number of Awards <i>(in thousands)</i>	Weighted-Average Exercise Price Per Award	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term	Aggregate Intrinsic Value(1) <i>(in millions)</i>
Outstanding as of December 31, 2024(2)	11,002	\$ 12.12	7.1 years	\$ —
Granted	1,079	\$ 8.31		
Exercised	—	\$ —		
Forfeited/expired(3)	(421)	\$ 15.36		
Outstanding as of March 31, 2025(2)	<u>11,660</u>	\$ 11.65	7.4 years	\$ 2.9
Exercisable as of March 31, 2025(4)	<u>3,699</u>	\$ 16.69	6.7 years	\$ 0.3
Vested and expected to vest as of March 31, 2025(5)	<u>8,075</u>	\$ 13.20	8.0 years	\$ 1.0

(1)The intrinsic value is the amount by which the current market value of the underlying stock exceeds the exercise price of the stock awards.

(2)Includes 3.9 million and 4.0 million performance condition SARs as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

(3)Includes 0.1 million performance condition SARs.

(4)Includes 0.4 million performance condition SARs.

(5)Includes 0.4 million performance condition SARs.

The weighted-average grant date fair value of SARs granted during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$4.52 and \$4.43, respectively. There were no SARs exercised during both the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company granted performance stock units to its executives which generally vest over a two to three-year period. The performance conditions include targets for local currency net sales, and adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, and depreciation and amortization. The following table summarizes the activities for all restricted stock units under the Company's share-based compensation plans for the three months ended March 31, 2025:

	Number of Shares <i>(in thousands)</i>	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value Per Share
Outstanding and nonvested as of December 31, 2024(1)	6,289	\$ 12.56
Granted(2)	1,408	\$ 8.31
Vested	(737)	\$ 25.82
Forfeited	(181)	\$ 11.11
Outstanding and nonvested as of March 31, 2025(1)	<u>6,779</u>	\$ 10.27
Expected to vest as of March 31, 2025(3)	<u>6,330</u>	\$ 10.36

(1)Includes 1.4 million and zero performance-based restricted stock units as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively, which represents the maximum amount that can vest.

(2)Includes 1.4 million performance-based restricted stock units.

(3)Includes 1.2 million performance-based restricted stock units.

The total vesting date fair value of restricted stock units which vested during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$5.3 million and \$6.5 million, respectively.

## 8. Income Taxes

Income taxes were \$20.4 million and \$9.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The effective income tax rate was 28.8% and 28.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024, was due to a decrease in tax benefits from discrete events partially offset by changes in the geographic mix of the Company's income.

As of March 31, 2025, the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits, including related interest and penalties, was \$47.2 million. If the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits was recognized, \$34.2 million of unrecognized tax benefits, \$8.3 million of interest, and \$1.2 million of penalties would impact the effective tax rate.

The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that the amount of unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by up to approximately \$9.9 million within the next twelve months. Of this possible decrease, \$9.0 million would be due to the expiration of statute of limitations in various jurisdictions. The remaining possible decrease of \$0.9 million would be due to the settlement of audits or resolution of administrative or judicial proceedings.

## 9. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

### *Foreign Currency Instruments*

The Company designates certain foreign currency derivatives, primarily comprised of foreign currency forward contracts and option contracts, as freestanding derivatives for which hedge accounting does not apply. The changes in the fair market value of these freestanding derivatives are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses within the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company primarily uses freestanding foreign currency derivatives to hedge foreign currency-denominated intercompany transactions and to partially mitigate the impact of foreign currency fluctuations. The fair value of the freestanding foreign currency derivatives is based on third-party quotes. The Company's foreign currency derivative contracts are generally executed on a monthly basis.

The Company designates as cash flow hedges those foreign currency forward contracts it enters into to hedge forecasted inventory purchases and intercompany management fees that are subject to foreign currency exposures. Forward contracts are used to hedge forecasted inventory purchases over specific months. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, excluding forward points, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' deficit, and are recognized in cost of sales within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income during the period which approximates the time the hedged inventory is sold. The Company also hedges forecasted intercompany management fees over specific months. These contracts allow the Company to sell Euros in exchange for U.S. dollars at specified contract rates. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, excluding forward points, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' deficit, and are recognized in selling, general, and administrative expenses within the Company's condensed consolidated statement of income during the period when the hedged item and underlying transaction affect earnings. The Company has elected to record changes in the fair value of amounts excluded from the assessment of effectiveness currently in earnings.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the aggregate notional amounts of all foreign currency contracts outstanding designated as cash flow hedges were approximately \$41.2 million and \$69.9 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, these outstanding contracts were expected to mature over the next twelve months. The Company's derivative financial instruments are recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value based on third-party quotes. As of March 31, 2025, the Company recorded assets at fair value of \$1.7 million and liabilities at fair value of \$0.1 million relating to all outstanding foreign currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges. As of December 31, 2024, the Company recorded assets at fair value of \$4.1 million and liabilities at fair value of zero relating to all outstanding foreign currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges. The Company assesses hedge effectiveness at least quarterly and the hedges remained effective as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

As of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the majority of the Company's outstanding foreign currency forward contracts related to freestanding derivatives had maturity dates of less than twelve months with the majority expiring within one month. As of March 31, 2025, the Company had aggregate notional amounts of approximately \$574.4 million of foreign currency contracts, inclusive of freestanding contracts and contracts designated as cash flow hedges.

The following tables summarize the derivative activity during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 relating to all the Company's derivatives.

*Gains and Losses on Derivative Instruments*

The following table summarizes gains (losses) relating to derivative instruments recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>		
Foreign exchange currency contracts relating to inventory and intercompany management fee hedges	\$ 0.1	\$ (1.8)

As of March 31, 2025, the estimated amount of existing net gains related to cash flow hedges recorded in accumulated other comprehensive loss that are expected to be reclassified into earnings over the next twelve months was \$6.5 million.

The effect of cash flow hedging relationships on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	Location and Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income on Cash Flow Hedging Relationships Three Months Ended					
	March 31, 2025		March 31, 2024			
	Cost of sales	Selling, general, and administrative expenses	Interest expense, net	Cost of sales	Selling, general, and administrative expenses	Interest expense, net
Total amounts presented in the condensed consolidated statements of income	\$ 265.2	\$ 431.9	\$ 52.0	\$ 285.0	\$ 492.2	\$ 37.9
<i>(in millions)</i>						
<b>Foreign exchange currency contracts relating to inventory hedges:</b>						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income	3.9	—	—	(0.7)	—	—
Amount of loss excluded from assessment of effectiveness recognized in income	(0.9)	—	—	(1.0)	—	—
<b>Foreign exchange currency contracts relating to intercompany management fee hedges:</b>						
Amount of gain (loss) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income	—	0.2	—	—	(0.1)	—
Amount of gain excluded from assessment of effectiveness recognized in income	—	—	—	—	0.1	—



The following table summarizes gains (losses) recorded to income relating to derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Amount of Loss Recognized in Income		Location of Loss Recognized in Income
	Three Months Ended		
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
	(in millions)		
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$ (2.0)	\$ (0.7)	Selling, general, and administrative expenses

The Company reports its derivatives at fair value as either assets or liabilities within its condensed consolidated balance sheets. See Note 12, *Fair Value Measurements*, for information on derivative fair values and their condensed consolidated balance sheets location as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

#### 10. Shareholders' Deficit

Changes in shareholders' deficit for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025				Total Shareholders' Deficit
	Common Shares	Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (in millions)	Accumulated Deficit	
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ 0.1	\$ 278.2	\$ (271.4)	\$ (808.0)	\$ (801.1)
Issuance of 0.7 common shares from exercise of SARs, restricted stock units, employee stock purchase plan, and other	—	0.3			0.3
Additional capital from share-based compensation		11.6			11.6
Repurchases of 0.3 common shares	—	(2.2)		—	(2.2)
Net income				50.4	50.4
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income taxes of \$0.4			8.7		8.7
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of income taxes of \$—			(3.7)		(3.7)
Balance as of March 31, 2025	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>\$ 287.9</u>	<u>\$ (266.4)</u>	<u>\$ (757.6)</u>	<u>\$ (736.0)</u>

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024				Total Shareholders' Deficit
	Common Shares	Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par Value	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss <i>(in millions)</i>	Accumulated Deficit	
Balance as of December 31, 2023	\$ 0.1	\$ 233.9	\$ (232.0)	\$ (1,062.3)	\$ (1,060.3)
Issuance of 0.9 common shares from exercise of SARs, restricted stock units, employee stock purchase plan, and other	—	0.7			0.7
Additional capital from share-based compensation		11.9			11.9
Repurchases of 0.3 common shares	—	(2.3)		—	(2.3)
Net income				24.3	24.3
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of income taxes of \$(0.1)			(9.9)		(9.9)
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of income taxes of \$(0.1)			(1.0)		(1.0)
Balance as of March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 0.1</u>	<u>\$ 244.2</u>	<u>\$ (242.9)</u>	<u>\$ (1,038.0)</u>	<u>\$ (1,036.6)</u>

#### Dividends

The Company has not declared or paid cash dividends since 2014. The declaration of future dividends is subject to the discretion of the Company's board of directors and will depend upon various factors, including its earnings, financial condition, Herbalife Ltd.'s available distributable reserves under Cayman Islands law, restrictions imposed by the 2024 Credit Facility and the terms of any other indebtedness that may be outstanding, cash requirements, future prospects and other factors deemed relevant by its board of directors.

#### Share Repurchases

On February 9, 2021, the Company's board of directors authorized a three-year \$1.5 billion share repurchase program which had approximately \$985.5 million of remaining authorized capacity prior to the share repurchase program expiring on February 9, 2024. This share repurchase program allowed the Company, which included an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Herbalife Ltd., to repurchase the Company's common shares at such times and prices as determined by management, as market conditions warranted, and to the extent Herbalife Ltd.'s distributable reserves were available under Cayman Islands law. The 2024 Credit Facility permits the Company to repurchase its common shares as long as no default or event of default exists and other conditions, such as specified consolidated leverage ratios, are met.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company did not repurchase any of its common shares through open-market purchases.

The number of shares issued upon vesting or exercise for certain restricted stock units and SARs granted pursuant to the Company's share-based compensation plans is net of the statutory withholding requirements that the Company pays on behalf of its employees. Although shares withheld are not issued, they are treated as common share repurchases in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements, as they reduce the number of shares that would have been issued upon vesting. Historically, these shares have not counted against the authorized capacity under the Company's previous share repurchase program, as described above. During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company withheld shares on its vested restricted stock units and exercised SARs relating to its share-based compensation plans.

The Company reflects the aggregate purchase price of its common shares repurchased as an increase to shareholders' deficit. The Company generally allocates the purchase price of the repurchased shares to accumulated deficit, common shares and additional paid-in capital.

For both the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the Company's share repurchases, inclusive of transaction costs, were zero, under the Company's share repurchase programs, and \$2.2 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, due to shares withheld for tax purposes related to the Company's share-based compensation plans and have been recorded as an increase to shareholders' deficit within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table summarizes changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss by Component Three Months Ended					
	March 31, 2025			March 31, 2024		
	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Derivatives	Total	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Unrealized Loss on Derivatives	Total
Beginning balance	\$ (282.3)	\$ 10.9	\$ (271.4)	\$ (230.6)	\$ (1.4)	\$ (232.0)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	8.7	0.4	9.1	(9.9)	(1.8)	(11.7)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income, net of tax(1)	—	(4.1)	(4.1)	—	0.8	0.8
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of reclassifications	8.7	(3.7)	5.0	(9.9)	(1.0)	(10.9)
Ending balance	\$ (273.6)	\$ 7.2	\$ (266.4)	\$ (240.5)	\$ (2.4)	\$ (242.9)

(1) See Note 9, *Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*, for information regarding the location within the condensed consolidated statements of income of gains (losses) reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications was net of tax expense of \$0.4 million for foreign currency translation adjustments for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications was net of tax benefit of \$0.1 million for foreign currency translation adjustments for the three months ended March 31, 2024. Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to income was net of tax benefit of \$0.1 million for unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

### 11. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share represents net income divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted earnings per share represents net income divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding, inclusive of the effect of dilutive securities, such as outstanding SARs, restricted stock units, and convertible notes.

The following are the common share amounts used to compute the basic and diluted earnings per share for each period:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Weighted-average shares used in basic computations	101.5	99.7
Dilutive effect of exercise of equity grants outstanding	0.7	1.0
Weighted-average shares used in diluted computations	102.2	100.7

There were an aggregate of 15.1 million and 10.9 million of equity grants, consisting of SARs and restricted stock units, that were outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive or the performance condition of the award had not been satisfied.

For the 2028 Convertible Notes, the Company is required to settle the principal amount in cash and has the option to settle the conversion feature for the amount above the conversion price, or the conversion spread, in cash or common shares and cash. The Company uses the if-converted method for calculating any potential dilutive effect of the conversion spread on diluted earnings per share, if applicable. The conversion spread will have a dilutive impact on diluted earnings per share when the average market price of the Company's common shares for a given period exceeds the conversion price of the 2028 Convertible Notes. For the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, the 2028 Convertible Notes have been excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect would be anti-dilutive since the conversion price of the 2028 Convertible Notes exceeded the average market price of the Company's common shares for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. The initial conversion rate and conversion price for the 2028 Convertible Notes are described further in Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*.

## 12. Fair Value Measurements

The Company applies the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, or ASC 820, for its financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into three broad levels as follows:

Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Company measures certain assets and liabilities at fair value as discussed throughout the notes to its condensed consolidated financial statements. Foreign exchange currency contracts are valued using standard calculations and models. Foreign exchange currency contracts are valued primarily based on inputs such as observable forward rates, spot rates, and foreign currency exchange rates at the reporting period ended date. The Company's derivative assets and liabilities are measured at fair value and consisted of Level 2 inputs and their amounts are shown below at their gross values as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) Fair Value as of March 31, 2025	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) Fair Value as of December 31, 2024	Balance Sheet Location
	<i>(in millions)</i>		
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts relating to inventory and intercompany management fee hedges	\$ 1.7	\$ 4.1	Prepaid expenses and other current assets
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	2.6	4.0	Prepaid expenses and other current assets
	<u>\$ 4.3</u>	<u>\$ 8.1</u>	
<b>LIABILITIES:</b>			
<b>Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts relating to inventory and intercompany management fee hedges	\$ 0.1	\$ —	Other current liabilities
<b>Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	2.9	4.2	Other current liabilities
	<u>\$ 3.0</u>	<u>\$ 4.2</u>	

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of money market funds and foreign and domestic bank accounts. These cash and cash equivalents are valued based on Level 1 inputs which consist of quoted prices in active markets. To reduce its credit risk, the Company monitors the credit standing of the financial institutions that hold the Company's cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's deferred compensation plan assets consist of Company-owned life insurance policies. As these policies are recorded at their cash surrender value, they are not required to be included in the fair value table above. See Note 6, *Employee Compensation Plans*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2024 10-K for a further description of the Company's deferred compensation plan assets.

The following tables summarize the offsetting of the fair values of the Company's derivative assets and derivative liabilities for presentation in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Offsetting of Derivative Assets		
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset in the Balance Sheet <i>(in millions)</i>	Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Balance Sheet
<b>March 31, 2025</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$ 4.3	\$ (2.8)	\$ 1.5
Total	<u>\$ 4.3</u>	<u>\$ (2.8)</u>	<u>\$ 1.5</u>
<b>December 31, 2024</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$ 8.1	\$ (3.1)	\$ 5.0
Total	<u>\$ 8.1</u>	<u>\$ (3.1)</u>	<u>\$ 5.0</u>
	Offsetting of Derivative Liabilities		
	Gross Amounts of Recognized Liabilities	Gross Amounts Offset in the Balance Sheet <i>(in millions)</i>	Net Amounts of Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheet
<b>March 31, 2025</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$ 3.0	\$ (2.8)	\$ 0.2
Total	<u>\$ 3.0</u>	<u>\$ (2.8)</u>	<u>\$ 0.2</u>
<b>December 31, 2024</b>			
Foreign exchange currency contracts	\$ 4.2	\$ (3.1)	\$ 1.1
Total	<u>\$ 4.2</u>	<u>\$ (3.1)</u>	<u>\$ 1.1</u>

The Company offsets all of its derivative assets and derivative liabilities in its condensed consolidated balance sheets to the extent it maintains master netting arrangements with related financial institutions. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, all of the Company's derivatives were subject to master netting arrangements and no collateralization was required for the Company's derivative assets and derivative liabilities.

### 13. Restructuring Activities

In 2021, the Company initiated a global transformation program to optimize global processes for future growth, or the Transformation Program. The Transformation Program involves the investment in certain new technologies and the realignment of infrastructure and the locations of certain functions to better support distributors and customers. The Company has incurred total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$92.5 million through March 31, 2025, of which zero and \$5.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, were recognized in selling, general, and administrative expenses within its condensed consolidated statements of income. The Transformation Program was completed as of December 31, 2024.

Costs related to the Transformation Program were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Cumulative costs incurred to date as of March 31, 2025
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
		<i>(in millions)</i>	
Professional fees	\$ —	\$ 0.9	\$ 26.5
Retention and separation	—	4.9	64.4
Other	—	0.1	1.6
Total	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 5.9</u>	<u>\$ 92.5</u>

Changes in the liabilities related to the Transformation Program, which were recognized in other current liabilities within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets, were as follows:

	Professional Fees	Retention and Separation	Other	Total
	<i>(in millions)</i>			
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ —	\$ 4.7	\$ —	\$ 4.7
Expenses	—	—	—	—
Cash payments	—	(1.0)	—	(1.0)
Non-cash items and other	—	—	—	—
Balance as of March 31, 2025	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 3.7</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 3.7</u>

During the first quarter of 2024, the Company initiated an organizational redesign project, or the Restructuring Program, to streamline its organizational structure to make it more efficient and effective and to allow the Company's management team to work more closely with the markets, distributors, and customers. The Company has incurred total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$72.4 million through March 31, 2025, of which \$3.3 million and \$16.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, were recognized in selling, general, and administrative expenses within its condensed consolidated statements of income. The Company expects to incur total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$74 million relating to the Restructuring Program based on actual expenses incurred to date and expected future expenses. The Restructuring Program was substantially completed as of December 31, 2024.

Costs related to the Restructuring Program were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Cumulative costs incurred to date as of March 31, 2025
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	
		<i>(in millions)</i>	
Professional fees	\$ —	\$ 2.8	\$ 4.6
Retention and separation	3.3	13.9	67.8
Other	—	—	—
Total	<u>\$ 3.3</u>	<u>\$ 16.7</u>	<u>\$ 72.4</u>

Changes in the liabilities related to the Restructuring Program, which were recognized in other current liabilities within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets, were as follows:

	Professional Fees	Retention and Separation	Other	Total
	<i>(in millions)</i>			
Balance as of December 31, 2024	\$ 0.5	\$ 3.2	\$ —	\$ 3.7
Expenses	—	3.3	—	3.3
Cash payments	—	(4.0)	—	(4.0)
Non-cash items and other	—	—	—	—
Balance as of March 31, 2025	<u>\$ 0.5</u>	<u>\$ 2.5</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 3.0</u>

During April 2025, the Company initiated a process and organizational redesign project of its global technology infrastructure, or the *Technology Realignment Program*, to better align with new technologies, enhance operational efficiency, and optimize support of business goals and processes. For the first phase of the Technology Realignment Program, the Company expects to incur total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$5 million. The Company did not recognize any expenses during the first quarter of 2025 relating to this program. The Company expects to complete the first phase of the Technology Realignment Program in 2025. Since the Company is still assessing the scope, timing, and execution plan of any potential additional phases, these estimated amounts are preliminary and accordingly the Company cannot estimate the amounts to be incurred for the program in totality.

#### 14. Detail of Certain Balance Sheet Accounts

##### *Other Assets*

The Other assets on the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets included deferred compensation plan assets of \$46.8 million and \$47.5 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

##### *Other Current Liabilities*

Other current liabilities consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Accrued compensation	\$ 100.6	\$ 148.1
Accrued service fees to China independent service providers	25.1	25.8
Accrued advertising, events, and promotion expenses	49.3	52.0
Accrued interest	61.0	31.8
Current operating lease liabilities	39.5	39.7
Advance sales deposits	74.7	75.0
Income taxes payable	16.2	12.6
Other accrued liabilities	152.1	157.8
Total	<u>\$ 518.5</u>	<u>\$ 542.8</u>

##### *Other Non-Current Liabilities*

The Other non-current liabilities on the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets included deferred compensation plan liabilities of \$66.1 million and \$67.3 million and deferred income tax liabilities of \$17.7 million and \$17.7 million as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively. See Note 6, *Employee Compensation Plans*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the 2024 10-K for a further description of the Company's deferred compensation plan assets and liabilities.

#### 15. Subsequent Events

In April 2025, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement and acquired certain assets of Pruvit Ventures, Inc. (Pruvit), which primarily consisted of intangible assets. Pruvit is a direct-seller of patented ketone supplements. In connection with this acquisition, Herbalife also obtained the right to distribute and sell ketone supplements. The total consideration to acquire the assets of Pruvit consisted of a base cash purchase price of approximately \$19.0 million, which was paid to Pruvit in April 2025, and a potential milestone payment ranging from \$5 million to \$25 million in total, payable in cash during the second quarter of 2027 contingent upon achievement of certain Pruvit sales performance targets achieved during the last six months of the two year period subsequent to the April 2025 acquisition date. If the minimum targets for the milestone are not reached, no additional payment will be required.

Concurrently, in April 2025, the Company also entered into an asset purchase agreement and acquired certain assets of Pro2col Health LLC (Pro2col LLC), primarily consisting of software and intangible assets. Pro2col LLC is a health and wellness digital application company. The Pro2col technology platform acquired is designed to deliver tailored health and longevity protocols by using individual biometrics to provide personalized nutrition recommendations in support of a healthy and active lifestyle. The acquisition also consists of multiple contingent payments that are payable to Pro2col LLC if certain milestones are achieved. First, there are contingent payments, up to approximately \$5.0 million in total, that are payable in cash during the third quarter and fourth quarter of 2025, upon the successful launch of Herbalife's Pro2col technology platform. Secondly, there are multiple milestone contingent payments ranging from \$5 million to \$15 million and the aggregate amount of these contingent payments are not to exceed \$46 million in total, contingent upon achieving certain number of active subscribers through 2035. These contingent payments will be made if and when these Pro2col active subscriber milestones are achieved during this 10-year period. If the minimum targets for the milestone are not reached, then no additional payments will be required.

Additionally, in April 2025, the Company formed and obtained a 51% ownership interest in HBL Link Bioscience LLC. Concurrently, HBL Link Bioscience LLC entered into an asset purchase agreement for \$6.5 million and acquired the assets of Link BioSciences Inc. (Link BioSciences), an established, Texas-based, manufacturing company that uses proprietary technology to analyze biometrics, biomarkers, lifestyle, and genetic input data, and has the ability to formulate personalized nutritional supplements for its customers. The Company paid \$6.5 million cash to Link BioSciences during April 2025 relating to this acquisition. There are no contingent payments related to this acquisition.

The Company is currently evaluating the accounting and fair value of the assets acquired relating to all of these transactions and expects to complete the preliminary purchase price allocation of the purchase consideration to the assets acquired by the end of the second quarter of 2025.



## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

*The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with other information, including our condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Part I, Item 1, Financial Statements, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, and Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors, and our consolidated financial statements appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, or the 2024 10-K. Unless the context otherwise requires, all references herein to the "Company," "we," "us" or "our," or similar terms, refer to Herbalife Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted company with limited liability, and its consolidated subsidiaries.*

### Overview

We are a global nutrition company that sells weight management; targeted nutrition; energy, sports, and fitness; and outer nutrition products to and through independent members, or Members. In China, we sell our products to and through independent service providers and sales representatives to customers and preferred customers, as well as through Company-operated retail platforms when necessary. We refer to Members that distribute our products and achieve certain qualification requirements as "sales leaders."

We provide high-quality, science-backed products to Members and their customers who seek a healthy lifestyle and we also offer a business opportunity to those Members who seek additional income. We believe enhanced consumer awareness and demand for our products due to global trends such as the obesity epidemic, increasing interest in a fit and active lifestyle, living healthier, and the rise of entrepreneurship, coupled with the effectiveness of personalized selling through a direct sales channel, have been the primary reasons for our continued success.

Our products are grouped in four principal categories: weight management; targeted nutrition; energy, sports, and fitness; and outer nutrition, along with literature, promotional, and other items. Our products are often sold through a series of related products and literature designed to simplify weight management and nutrition for consumers and maximize our Members' cross-selling opportunities.

While we continue to monitor the current global financial environment, including the impacts of the inflation, foreign exchange rate fluctuations, and the wars in Ukraine and the Middle East, we remain focused on the opportunities and challenges in retailing our products and enhancing the customer experience, sponsoring and retaining Members, improving Member productivity, further penetrating existing markets, globalizing successful Daily Methods of Operation, or DMOs, such as Nutrition Clubs, Fit Clubs, and Weight Loss Challenges, introducing new products and globalizing existing products, developing niche market segments and further investing in our infrastructure.

We sell our products in five geographic regions:

- North America;
- Latin America, which consists of Mexico and South and Central America;
- EMEA, which consists of Europe, the Middle East, and Africa;
- Asia Pacific (excluding China); and
- China.

On July 15, 2016, we reached a settlement with the U.S. Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, and entered into the Consent Order, which resolved the FTC's multi-year investigation of the Company. We continue to monitor the impact of the Consent Order and our Audit Committee assists our board of directors in overseeing continued compliance with the Consent Order. While we currently do not expect the settlement to have a long-term and materially adverse impact on our business and our Member base, our business and our Member base, particularly in the U.S., may be negatively impacted. The terms of the Consent Order do not change our going to market through direct selling by independent distributors, and compensating those distributors based upon the product they and their sales organization sell. See Part I, Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, of the 2024 10-K for a discussion of risks related to the settlement with the FTC.

## Certain Factors Impacting Results

Global inflationary pressures and other macroeconomic factors such as foreign exchange rate fluctuations and geopolitical conflicts can impact our financial condition, results of operations and liquidity. For example, inflationary pressure impacts both our cost structures and our pricing. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we instituted price increases in certain markets to address region or market-specific conditions. We also instituted localized pricing actions in 2024. These actions are discussed further in the *Sales by Geographic Region* discussion further below. We continue to examine our cost structure and assess additional potential incremental pricing actions in response to ongoing inflationary pressures and any tariffs and retaliatory tariffs imposed by the U.S. or foreign governments which could have a significant adverse impact to our business, which includes our Mexico market where our U.S. manufacturing operations provides a significant amount of finished goods inventory to our Mexico operations.

The war in Ukraine has also impacted our results there as well as in Russia and certain neighboring markets; we do not have any manufacturing operations in Russia and Ukraine and our combined total assets in Russia and Ukraine, which primarily consists of short-term assets, was less than 1% of our consolidated total assets as of March 31, 2025.

Given the unpredictable and fluid nature of these factors, we are unable to predict the extent to which they will adversely impact our business, financial condition, and results of operations, including the impact they may have on our geographic regions and individual markets. See “Summary Financial Results” and “Sales by Geographic Region” for more specific discussion of these and other factors. See Part I, Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, of the 2024 10-K for a further discussion of risks related to these matters.

## Volume Points by Geographic Region

As previously disclosed in Part II, Item 7, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, of the 2024 10-K, considering the recent changes to Volume Point values in certain regions and Management's recent assessment of its value and continued usefulness, Management has decided to no longer disclose the Volume Points by Geographic Region going forward.

## Presentation

“*Net sales*” represent product sales to our Members, net of “*distributor allowances*,” and inclusive of any shipping and handling revenues, as described further below.

Our Members purchase product from us at a suggested retail price, less discounts referred to as “*distributor allowance*.” Each Member’s level of discount is determined by qualification based on their volume of purchases. In cases where a Member has qualified for less than the maximum discount, the remaining discount, which we also refer to as a wholesale commission, is received by their sponsoring Members. Distributor allowances may also vary by country depending upon regulatory restrictions that limit or otherwise restrict distributor allowances. We also offer reduced distributor allowances with respect to certain products worldwide.

For U.S. GAAP purposes, shipping and handling services relating to product sales are recognized as fulfillment activities on our performance obligation to transfer products and are therefore recorded within net sales as part of product sales and are not considered as separate revenues.

In certain geographic markets, we have introduced segmentation of our Member base into two categories: “preferred members” – who are simply consumers who wish to purchase product for their own household use, and “distributors” – who are Members who also wish to resell products or build a sales organization. Additionally, in certain markets we are simplifying our pricing by eliminating certain shipping and handling charges and recovering those costs within suggested retail price.

Our international operations have provided and will continue to provide a significant portion of our total net sales. As a result, total net sales will continue to be affected by fluctuations in the U.S. dollar against foreign currencies. In order to provide a framework for assessing how our underlying businesses performed excluding the effect of foreign currency fluctuations, in addition to comparing the percent change in net sales from one period to another in U.S. dollars, we also compare the percent change in net sales from one period to another period using “*net sales in local currency*.” Net sales in local currency is not a U.S. GAAP financial measure. Net sales in local currency removes from net sales in U.S. dollars the impact of changes in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the local currencies of our foreign subsidiaries, by translating the current period net sales into U.S. dollars using the same foreign currency exchange rates that were used to translate the net sales for the previous comparable period. We believe presenting net sales in local currency is useful to investors because it allows a meaningful comparison of net sales of our foreign operations from period to period. However, net sales in local currency measures should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative to net sales in U.S. dollar measures that reflect current period exchange rates, or to other financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Our “*gross profit*” consists of net sales less “*cost of sales*,” which represents our manufacturing costs, the price we pay to our raw material suppliers and manufacturers of our products as well as shipping and handling costs, including duties, tariffs, and similar expenses.

While certain Members may profit from their activities by reselling our products for amounts greater than the prices they pay us, Members that develop, retain, and manage other Members may earn additional compensation for those activities, which we refer to as “*Royalty overrides*.” Royalty overrides are a significant operating expense and consist of:

- royalty overrides and production bonuses;
- the Mark Hughes bonus payable to some of our most senior Members; and
- other discretionary incentive bonuses to qualifying Members.

Royalty overrides are compensation to Members for the development, retention and improved productivity of their sales organizations and are paid to several levels of Members on each sale. Royalty overrides are compensation for services rendered to us and, as such, are recorded as an operating expense.

In China, our independent service providers are compensated for marketing, sales support, and other services instead of the distributor allowances and royalty overrides utilized in our global Marketing Plan. The majority of service fees to China independent service providers are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses.

Because of local country regulatory constraints, we may be required to modify our Member incentive plans as described above. We also pay reduced royalty overrides with respect to certain products worldwide. Consequently, the total Royalty override percentage may vary over time.

Our “*contribution margins*” consist of net sales less cost of sales, Royalty overrides, and service fees to our independent service providers in China, for the purposes of segment reporting specifically, as discussed further below and described in our Note 6, *Segment Information*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

“*Selling, general, and administrative expenses*” represent our operating expenses, which include labor and benefits, service fees to China independent service providers, sales events, professional fees, travel and entertainment, Member promotions, occupancy costs, communication costs, bank fees, depreciation and amortization, foreign exchange gains and losses, and other miscellaneous operating expenses.

Our “*other operating income*” consists of government grant income related to China.

Most of our sales to Members outside the United States are made in the respective local currencies. In preparing our financial statements, we translate revenues into U.S. dollars using average exchange rates. Additionally, the majority of our purchases from our suppliers generally are made in U.S. dollars. Consequently, a strengthening of the U.S. dollar versus a foreign currency can have a negative impact on gross profit and can generate foreign currency losses on intercompany transactions. Foreign currency exchange rates can fluctuate significantly. From time to time, we enter into foreign currency derivatives to partially mitigate our foreign currency exchange risk as discussed in further detail in Part I, Item 3, *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

## Summary Financial Results

Net sales were \$1,221.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$42.6 million, or 3.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 1.4% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 3.4% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily driven by a 4.8% unfavorable impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and a 2.3% decrease in sales volume, partially offset by a 3.7% favorable impact of price increases.

Net income was \$50.4 million, or \$0.49 per diluted share, for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net income increased \$26.1 million, or 107.4%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The increase in net income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was mainly due to \$60.3 million lower selling, general, and administrative expenses driven by lower labor and benefits costs (see *Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses* below for further discussion), and \$13.4 million lower royalty overrides driven by lower net sales, partially offset by \$22.8 million lower gross profit driven by lower net sales, \$14.1 million higher interest expense, net, and \$10.7 million higher income taxes.

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 included \$5.1 million favorable deferred income tax impacts relating to the changes in the Company's corporate entity structure in 2024, a \$3.3 million pre-tax unfavorable impact (\$2.4 million post-tax) of Restructuring Program expenses, primarily relating to employee retention and separation costs, and a \$2.4 million pre-tax unfavorable impact (\$2.0 million post-tax) of expenses relating to our new Digital Technology Program focused on enhancing and rebuilding our Member facing technology platform and web-based Member tools.

The income tax impact of the expenses discussed above is based on forecasted items affecting our 2025 full year effective tax rate. Adjustments to forecasted items unrelated to these expenses, as well as impacts related to interim reporting, will have an effect on the income tax impact of these items in subsequent periods.

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 included a \$16.7 million pre-tax unfavorable impact (\$12.2 million post-tax) of Restructuring Program expenses, primarily relating to employee retention and separation costs; \$11.0 million pre-tax unfavorable impact (\$8.9 million post-tax) of expenses relating to our new Digital Technology Program focused on enhancing and rebuilding our Member facing technology platform and web-based Member tools, and a \$5.9 million pre-tax unfavorable impact (\$3.9 million post-tax) of Transformation Program expenses, primarily relating to employee retention and separation costs.

## Results of Operations

Our results of operations for the periods below are not necessarily indicative of results of operations for future periods, which depend upon numerous factors, including our ability to sponsor Members and retain sales leaders, further penetrate existing markets, introduce new products and programs that will help our Members increase their retail efforts and develop niche market segments.

The following table sets forth selected results of our operations expressed as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
<b>Operations:</b>		
Net sales	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of sales	21.7	22.5
Gross profit	78.3	77.5
Royalty overrides(1)	32.9	32.9
Selling, general, and administrative expenses(1)	35.3	38.9
Operating income	10.1	5.7
Interest expense, net	4.3	3.0
Income before income taxes	5.8	2.7
Income taxes	1.7	0.8
Net income	4.1 %	1.9 %

(1)The majority of service fees to our independent service providers in China are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses while Member compensation for all other countries is included in Royalty overrides.

## Reporting Segment Results

We aggregate our operating segments, excluding China, into a reporting segment, or the Primary Reporting Segment. The Primary Reporting Segment includes the North America, Latin America, EMEA, and Asia Pacific regions. China has been identified as a separate reporting segment as it does not meet the criteria for aggregation. See Note 6, *Segment Information*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion of our reporting segments. See below for discussions of net sales and contribution margin by our reporting segments.

### *Net Sales by Reporting Segment*

The Primary Reporting Segment reported net sales of \$1,156.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, representing a decrease of \$32.2 million, or 2.7%, as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 2.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 2.7% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily due to a 5.0% unfavorable impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and a 1.9% decrease in sales volume, partially offset by a 3.9% favorable impact of price increases.

For a discussion of China's net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024, see the China section of *Sales by Geographic Region* below.

#### *Contribution Margin by Reporting Segment*

As discussed above under "Presentation," contribution margin consists of net sales less cost of sales, Royalty overrides, and service fees to our independent service providers in China. Also, as discussed in Note 6, *Segment Information*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, in the second quarter of 2024, the Company changed its presentation of this segment reporting measure for its China segment. Historical information discussed below has been adjusted to conform with the current period contribution margin. This change had no impact on the Company's accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income and only impacts the China contribution margin amounts discussed below and the operating information table in Note 6, *Segment Information*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The Primary Reporting Segment reported contribution margin of \$499.8 million, or 43.2% of net sales, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, representing a decrease of \$1.4 million, or 0.3% as compared to the same period in 2024. The 0.3% decrease in contribution margin for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily the result of a 5.3% unfavorable impact of foreign currency fluctuations, a 1.4% unfavorable impact of sales volume decreases, and a 1.1% unfavorable impact of higher inventory write-downs, partially offset by a 6.4% favorable impact of price increases and a 0.9% favorable impact of cost changes related to self-manufacturing and sourcing primarily related to decreased raw material costs.

China reported contribution margin of \$23.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, representing a decrease of \$2.8 million, or 10.7%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 10.7% decrease in contribution margin for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily the result of a 13.8% unfavorable impact of sales volume decreases, a 1.9% unfavorable impact of foreign currency fluctuations, and a 1.4% unfavorable impact of higher inventory write-downs, partially offset by a 4.9% favorable impact of cost changes related to self-manufacturing and sourcing primarily related to decreased raw material costs.

#### **Sales by Geographic Region**

Net sales by geographic region were as follows:

	March 31, 2025	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024	% Change
		<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	
North America	\$ 254.4	\$ 265.8	(4.3)%
Latin America	206.7	214.2	(3.5)%
EMEA	273.3	277.9	(1.7)%
Asia Pacific	422.5	431.2	(2.0)%
China	64.8	75.2	(13.8)%
Worldwide	<u>\$ 1,221.7</u>	<u>\$ 1,264.3</u>	(3.4)%

Changes in net sales are directly associated with the retailing of our products, recruitment of new Members, and retention of sales leaders. Our strategies involve providing quality products, improved DMOs, including daily consumption approaches such as Nutrition Clubs, easier access to product, systemized training and education of Members on our products and methods, leveraging technology to make it easier for our Members to do business, and continued promotion and branding of Herbalife products.

Management's role, in-country and at the region and corporate level, is to provide Members with a competitive, broad, and innovative product line, offer leading-edge business tools and technology services, and encourage strong teamwork and Member leadership to make doing business with Herbalife simple. We continue to provide our Members with enhanced technology tools, which includes updated brand sites, for ordering, business performance, and customer retailing to make it easier for them to do business with us and to optimize their customers' experiences. Management uses the Marketing Plan, which reflects the rules for our global network marketing organization that specify the qualification requirements and general compensation structure for Members, coupled with educational, training, and motivational programs and promotions to encourage Members to increase retailing, retention, and recruiting, which in turn affect net sales. Such programs include sales events such as Extravanzas, Leadership Development Weekends and World Team Schools where large groups of Members network with other Members, learn retailing, retention, and recruiting techniques from our leading Members, and become more familiar with how to market and sell our products and business opportunities. Accordingly, management believes that these development and motivation programs increase the productivity of the sales leader network. The expenses for such programs are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses. We also use event and non-event product promotions to motivate Members to increase retailing, retention, and recruiting activities. These promotions have prizes ranging from qualifying for events to product prizes and vacations. In a number of markets, we have segmented our Member base into "preferred members" and "distributors" for more targeted and efficient communication and promotions for these two differently motivated types of Members. In certain other markets that have not been segmented, we use Member data to similarly categorize Members for communication and promotion efforts.

DMOs are being generated in many of our markets and are globalized where applicable through the combined efforts of Members and country, regional and corporate management. While we support a number of different DMOs, one of the most popular DMOs is the daily consumption DMO. Under our traditional DMO, a Member typically sells to its customers on an infrequent basis (e.g., monthly) which provides fewer opportunities for interaction with their customers. Under a daily consumption DMO, a Member interacts with its customers on a more frequent basis, including such activities as weekly weigh-ins, which enables the Member to better educate and advise customers about nutrition and the proper use of the products and helps promote daily usage as well, thereby helping the Member grow his or her business. Specific examples of globalized DMOs include the Nutrition Club concept in Mexico and the Weight Loss Challenge in the United States. Management's strategy is to review the applicability of expanding successful country initiatives throughout a region, and where appropriate, support the globalization of these initiatives.

The factors described above help Members increase their business, which in turn helps drive sales volume growth in our business, and thus, net sales growth. The discussion below of net sales details some of the specific drivers of changes in our business and causes of sales fluctuations during the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024, as well as the unique growth or contraction factors specific to certain geographic regions or significant markets within a region during these periods. Net sales fluctuations, both Company-wide and within a particular geographic region or market, are primarily the result of changes in volume, changes in prices, or changes in foreign currency translation rates. The discussion of changes in net sales quantifies the impact of those drivers that are quantifiable such as changes in foreign currency translation rates, and cites the estimated impact of any significant price changes. The remaining drivers, which management believes are the primary drivers of changes in volume, are typically qualitative factors whose impact cannot be quantified.

Global inflationary pressures, supply chain challenges and other macroeconomic factors such as foreign exchange rate fluctuations, geopolitical conflict, and rising trade tensions, including U.S. tariffs and retaliatory tariffs from foreign countries, may impact both our cost structures and our pricing, with potential adverse sales volume impact. However, given the unpredictable, unprecedented, and fluid nature of these factors, we are unable to predict the extent to which they will adversely impact our business, financial condition, and results of operations, including the impact it may have on our regions and individual markets. We continue to examine our cost structure and assess potential incremental pricing actions in response to ongoing inflationary pressures which could impact our net sales and sales volumes. See below for a more detailed discussion of each geographic region and individual market.

#### *North America*

The North America region reported net sales of \$254.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$11.4 million, or 4.3%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales decreased 4.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The 4.3% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily due to an 8.0% decrease in sales volume, partially offset by a 4.2% favorable impact of price increases. North America's sales volume decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024, and the decrease was less than the prior year period decrease.

Net sales in the U.S. were \$247.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$11.0 million, or 4.3%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024.

We are supporting Members with new product launches, a training and recognition program, targeted communications and sales incentives, as well as modernizing our technological tools including the launch of digital start-up kits and E-commerce tools, in order to enhance our Members' ability to market and sell our products and promote business opportunities. The majority of the region implemented 2.3% price increases during January 2025. During March 2024, the region implemented 3.0% price increases.

#### *Latin America*

The Latin America region reported net sales of \$206.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$7.5 million, or 3.5%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 10.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 3.5% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was due to a 14.1% unfavorable impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, partially offset by a 4.3% increase in sales volume, a 4.2% favorable impact of net price increases, and a 2.2% favorable impact of sales mix. Latin America's sales volume favorably increased for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024, after having a decrease for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Net sales in Mexico were \$126.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$14.4 million, or 10.2%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 8.1% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. The fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates had an unfavorable impact of \$25.7 million on net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Mexico's sales volume was flat for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. Macroeconomic conditions, such as a slowdown in the economy and prolonged high interest rates, have created challenges for Members' and Members' Nutrition Club operations, which continue to be an important DMO in the market. The market saw a 4.2% price increase during February 2025. During March 2024, the Mexico market implemented a 5.25% price increase.

The net sales increase was greatest for our Peru and Guatemala markets for the three months ended March 31, 2025, compared to the same period in 2024. The majority of markets in the region instituted price increases to address market-specific conditions during the first quarter of 2025 and 2024. During the second quarter of 2024, most markets within the Latin America region, excluding Mexico, implemented a 5% price reduction and Marketing Plan changes to enhance the competitiveness of our product pricing and aiming to stimulate incremental growth in volume. We believe these changes, coupled with other promotional efforts, may have been a contributing factor for the increases in sales volume for certain markets in the region during the first quarter of 2025.

The region has seen difficult economic conditions as well as market-specific factors including political and social instability. Inflationary pressures, improving but remained elevated, and foreign exchange rate fluctuations in certain markets in the region have challenged our Members' operations and customer demand. Promotional efforts within the region include increasing in-person activities, adding programs, supporting on a market-by-market basis the Nutrition Club DMO, utilizing segmented promotions and sales incentives, and launching new products.

#### *EMEA*

The EMEA region reported net sales of \$273.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$4.6 million, or 1.7%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 3.3% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 1.7% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily due to a 5.0% unfavorable impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and a 4.7% decrease in sales volume, partially offset by a 5.1% favorable impact of price increases, and a 2.9% favorable impact of sales mix. EMEA's sales volume decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024, and the decrease was slightly lower than the prior year period decrease. The EMEA region has no single market that accounts for a significant portion of our consolidated net sales.

Economic conditions across the region, including inflation in certain markets, weakened consumer confidence, and foreign exchange rate fluctuations, as well as political uncertainty in certain markets appear to be further hindering business recovery. The net sales decline across the EMEA markets during the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024, were led by Spain and Italy, partially offset by increases in Mongolia and United Kingdom. Our Russia entity had no sales during the three months ended March 31, 2025 due to the suspension of product shipments to our Russia entity where its inventory had been fully depleted as of September 30, 2023; therefore our Russia entity will not have any product sales in future periods while its inventory remains fully depleted. As a result, Russian Members purchasing products in Kazakhstan, among other neighboring markets, led to increases in net sales in Kazakhstan, despite the recent quarter declining as compared to the first quarter of 2024.

Focus areas for Herbalife and our Members in the region include promotions and events, launching new products, enhancing both online and in person training programs and meetings to help distributors improve their business, supporting Nutrition clubs and other DMOs, and other promotional activities in order to grow our sales in the region. The majority of the markets in the region instituted price increases to address market-specific conditions during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

#### *Asia Pacific*

The Asia Pacific region, which excludes China, reported net sales of \$422.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$8.7 million, or 2.0%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 1.6% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 2.0% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily due to a 3.6% unfavorable impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, a 1.1% unfavorable impact of sales mix, and a 0.2% decrease in sales volume, partially offset by a 2.8% favorable impact of price increases. Asia Pacific's sales volume decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024, after having an increase for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Net sales in India were \$209.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales increased \$5.8 million, or 2.9%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 7.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates had an unfavorable impact of \$8.9 million on net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The sales volume in India increased 4.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. Our growth rate in the India market for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was less than the growth rate experienced during the same period in 2024. We continue to promote our brand, such as through sports sponsorships and in-person events. The India market had no price increase during the three months ended March 31, 2025. During November 2024, the India market implemented a 3.0% price increase.

Net sales in Vietnam were \$75.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$0.2 million, or 0.3%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales increased 3.2% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates had an unfavorable impact of \$2.6 million on net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025. The sales volume were flat in Vietnam for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the 2024 period. Focus areas for Vietnam market include sports sponsorship, promotional initiatives, and sales events. Members' Nutrition Club operations continue to be an important DMO in the market which management continues to support and monitor. The market implemented a 2.5% price increase in March 2025. During March 2024, the market implemented a 3.5% price increase. Further, changes to direct-selling regulations in the market were approved by the Vietnam government in April 2023; we continue to work closely with the Vietnam government to monitor their interpretations of these regulations, and address them accordingly. In January 2025, the Vietnam government renewed our direct selling license, which will remain valid until January 2030, at which time we will seek its renewal.

Across several other markets, net sales was down for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the 2024 period, most significantly for South Korea, Taiwan, and Indonesia. We continued to see a decline of new Members for some markets. In addition, Members' Nutrition Club operations continue to recover from macroeconomic conditions including inflationary pressure and high interest rates in certain markets that have also challenged some areas of customer demand. Our efforts in the region include programs and promotional initiatives to incentivize sales, and launching new products. Some markets in the region instituted price increases to address market-specific conditions during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

#### *China*

The China region reported net sales of \$64.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Net sales decreased \$10.4 million, or 13.8%, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. In local currency, net sales decreased 12.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024. The 13.8% decrease in net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily due to a 13.9% decrease in sales volume and a 0.9% unfavorable impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, partially offset by a 1.0% favorable impact of sales mix. China's sales volume decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024, after having an increase for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The China region had no price increase during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and during the twelve months ended December 31, 2024.



Sales volume was down for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the 2024 period as our Members adjust to our sales initiatives and they continue rebuilding and optimizing their business process. Other focus areas for China include enhancing our digital capabilities and offerings, such as improving the integration of our technological and enhanced tools to make it easier for our Members to do business, encouraging a customer-based approach through customer loyalty programs which we continue to enhance to engage customers, and supporting Nutrition Clubs. We have expanded our product line for the China market and continue to conduct sales promotions in the region.

#### Sales by Product Category

Net sales by product category were as follows:

	March 31, 2025	Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 <i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	% Change
Weight Management	\$ 671.2	\$ 704.7	(4.8) %
Targeted Nutrition	366.3	377.8	(3.0) %
Energy, Sports, and Fitness	144.4	139.8	3.3 %
Outer Nutrition	19.6	20.4	(3.9) %
Literature, Promotional, and Other	20.2	21.6	(6.5) %
Total	<u>\$ 1,221.7</u>	<u>\$ 1,264.3</u>	(3.4) %

The trends and business factors described in the above discussions of the individual geographic regions apply generally to all product categories.

#### Gross Profit

Gross profit was \$956.5 million and \$979.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales was 78.3% and 77.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, or a favorable net increase of 84 basis points.

The increase in gross profit as a percentage of net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024 included the favorable impact of price increases of 81 basis points; favorable cost changes related to self-manufacturing and sourcing of 48 basis points primarily related to decreased raw material costs; and favorable other cost changes of 14 basis points; partially offset by the unfavorable impact of higher inventory write-downs of 47 basis points; unfavorable changes in sales mix of 7 basis points; and the unfavorable impact of foreign currency fluctuations of 5 basis points.

Generally, gross profit as a percentage of net sales may vary from period to period due to the impact of foreign currency fluctuations, changes in sales mix, price increases, cost changes related to inflation, self-manufacturing and sourcing, and inventory write-downs.

#### Royalty Overrides

Royalty overrides were \$401.8 million and \$415.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Royalty overrides as a percentage of net sales were 32.9% and 32.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Royalty overrides as a percentage of net sales remained flat for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024. This was primarily due to favorable changes in mix of products and countries, offset by lower net sales in China as a proportion of our total worldwide net sales. Generally, royalty overrides as a percentage of net sales may vary from period to period due to changes in the mix of products and countries because full royalty overrides are not paid on certain products and in certain countries. The majority of service fees to our independent service providers in China are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses while Member compensation for all other countries is included in Royalty overrides.

### Selling, General, and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general, and administrative expenses were \$431.9 million and \$492.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Selling, general, and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales were 35.3% and 38.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The \$60.3 million decrease in selling, general, and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024 was driven by \$51.5 million in lower labor and benefits costs, \$5.3 million in lower service fees for China independent service providers due to lower sales in China, \$5.2 million in lower Member events and promotions, and \$5.2 million in lower professional fees. The decrease in labor and benefit costs includes lower employee bonus accruals, lower employee retention and separation costs related to the Restructuring Program and the Transformation Program, and savings on labor cost resulting from the restructuring initiatives.

See Note 13, *Restructuring Activities*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion.

### Other Operating Income

We did not recognize any government grant income related to our regional headquarters and distribution centers within China during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

### Interest Expense, Net

Interest expense, net was as follows:

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	<i>(in millions)</i>	
Interest expense	\$ 54.6	\$ 41.6
Interest income	(2.6)	(3.7)
Interest expense, net	<u>\$ 52.0</u>	<u>\$ 37.9</u>

The increase in interest expense, net for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the same period in 2024 was primarily due to an increase in our weighted-average interest rate as a result of the April 2024 debt refinancing transactions, partially offset by a decrease in our overall weighted-average borrowings. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion.

### Income Taxes

Income taxes were \$20.4 million and \$9.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The effective income tax rate was 28.8% and 28.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to the same period in 2024, was due to a decrease in tax benefits from discrete events partially offset by changes in the geographic mix of the Company's income.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have historically met our short- and long-term working capital and capital expenditure requirements, including funding for expansion of operations, through net cash flows provided by operating activities. Variations in sales of our products directly affect the availability of funds. There are no material contractual restrictions on our ability to transfer and remit funds among our international affiliated companies. However, there are foreign currency restrictions in certain countries which could reduce our ability to timely obtain U.S. dollars. Even with these restrictions and the current inflationary environment, which is improving but has remained elevated in certain markets during the three months ended March 31, 2025, we believe we will have sufficient resources, including cash flow from operating activities and longer-term access to capital markets, to meet debt service obligations in a timely manner and be able to continue to meet our objectives.

Historically, our debt has not resulted from the need to fund our normal operations, but instead has resulted primarily from our share repurchase programs. Since inception in 2007, total share repurchases amounted to approximately \$6.5 billion. While a significant net sales decline could potentially affect the availability of funds, many of our largest expenses are variable in nature, which we believe protects our funding in all but a dramatic net sales downturn. Our \$329.4 million cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2025 and our senior secured credit facility, in addition to cash flow from operations, can be used to support general corporate purposes, including any future strategic investment opportunities, share repurchases, and dividends.

For the three months ended March 31, 2025, we generated \$0.2 million of operating cash flow as compared to \$13.8 million of operating cash flow generated for the same period in 2024. The decrease in our operating cash flow was the result of \$48.7 million of unfavorable changes in operating assets and liabilities, partially offset by \$35.1 million of higher net income excluding non-cash and reconciling items disclosed within our condensed consolidated statement of cash flows. The \$48.7 million of unfavorable changes in operating assets and liabilities was primarily the result of unfavorable changes in receivables, inventories, and other current liabilities, partially offset by a favorable change in accounts payable. The \$35.1 million of higher net income excluding non-cash and reconciling items was primarily driven by lower selling, general and administrative expense and royalty overrides, partially offset by lower gross profit driven by lower net sales, higher interest expense and higher income taxes (See *Summary Financial Results* above for further discussion).

Capital expenditures, including accrued capital expenditures, for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 were \$20.0 million and \$33.6 million, respectively. The majority of these expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2025 represented investments in management information systems, including initiatives to develop enhanced Member tools which includes our \$400 million multi-year Digital Technology Program that is focused on enhancing and rebuilding our Member facing technology platform and web-based Member tools to provide enhanced digital capabilities and experiences to our Members, which we also refer to as Herbalife One. We expect to continue our investments in these areas and expect to incur total capital expenditures of approximately \$90 million to \$120 million for the full year 2025, which includes Herbalife One. We have incurred approximately \$341 million of implementation costs relating to Herbalife One as of March 31, 2025. In addition, based on the Herbalife One implementation costs incurred, we began to recognize non-cash amortization expenses during the first quarter of 2024 and recognized approximately \$35 million of these non-cash amortization expenses within our full-year 2024 consolidated statement of income, and we expect to recognize \$40 million to \$45 million of non-cash amortization expenses for the full-year 2025 and recognize similar amounts of non-cash amortization expenses thereafter, which could vary depending on the total actual future Herbalife One related expenditures and the associated timing of future technology being available for deployment. The capital expenditures relating to Herbalife One, are separate to the Transformation Program described further below.

In March 2025, we hosted our annual global honors event where sales leaders from around the world met, shared best practices, and conducted leadership training, and our management awarded Members \$74.3 million of Mark Hughes bonus payments related to their 2024 performance. In March 2024, our management awarded Members \$74.9 million of Mark Hughes bonus payments related to their 2023 performance.

In 2021, we initiated a global transformation program to optimize global processes for future growth, or the Transformation Program. The Transformation Program involves the investment in certain new technologies and the realignment of infrastructure and the locations of certain functions to better support distributors and customers. The Transformation Program is expected to deliver annual savings of approximately \$110 million with approximately \$70 million of savings realized in 2023 and approximately \$110 million of annual savings realized in 2024 and thereafter. We have incurred total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$92.5 million through March 31, 2025, of which zero and \$5.9 million were incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and recognized in selling, general, and administrative expenses within our condensed consolidated statements of income. In addition, we have incurred approximately \$20 million of related capital expenditures from inception to date, primarily relating to technology, to support the Transformation Program. The Transformation Program was completed as of December 31, 2024.

During the first quarter of 2024, we initiated a Restructuring Program to streamline our organizational structure to make it more efficient and effective and to allow our management team to work more closely to the markets, distributors, and customers. The Restructuring Program is expected to deliver annual savings of at least \$80 million beginning in 2025 with at least \$50 million of savings already realized in 2024. We also expect to incur total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$74 million relating to the Restructuring Program, and we have incurred total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$72.4 million through March 31, 2025, of which \$3.3 million and \$16.7 million were incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and recognized in selling, general, and administrative expenses within the condensed consolidated statement of income. The Restructuring Program was substantially completed as of December 31, 2024.

During April 2025, we initiated a process and organizational redesign project of our global technology infrastructure, or the *Technology Realignment Program*, to better align with new technologies, enhance operational efficiency, and optimize support of business goals and processes. The first phase of the Technology Realignment Program is expected to deliver annual savings of approximately \$9 million beginning in 2026 with approximately \$6 million of savings expected to be realized in 2025. We also expect to incur total pre-tax expenses of approximately \$5 million relating to the first phase of the Technology Realignment Program in 2025. We expect to complete the first phase of the Technology Realignment Program in 2025. Since we are still assessing the scope, timing, and execution plan of any potential additional phases, these estimated amounts are preliminary and accordingly we cannot estimate the amounts to be incurred for the program in totality.

#### *Senior Secured Credit Facility*

On August 16, 2018, we entered into a \$1.25 billion senior secured credit facility, or the 2018 Credit Facility, consisting of a \$250.0 million term loan A, or the 2018 Term Loan A, a \$750.0 million term loan B, or the 2018 Term Loan B, and a \$250.0 million revolving credit facility, or the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, with a syndicate of financial institutions as lenders.

Subsequently, the 2018 Credit Facility was amended in a series of amendments that, as of March 31, 2024, among other things, increased the borrowing capacity of the 2018 Term Loan A to a total of \$286.2 million and the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility to a total of \$330.0 million and establishing the Secured Overnight Financing Rate, or SOFR, for interest rate purposes under the 2018 Credit Facility. Borrowings utilizing SOFR under both the 2018 Term Loan A and 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, bore interest at, depending on our total leverage ratio and the Adjusted Term SOFR, which is the rate per annum equal to Term SOFR plus a rate adjustment based on interest periods of one month, three months, six months and twelve months tenors equaling to approximately 0.11%, 0.26%, 0.43% and 0.72%, respectively. The maturity date of both the 2018 Term Loan A and 2018 Revolving Credit Facility was March 19, 2025. The 2018 Term Loan B maturity date was August 18, 2025.

The 2018 Credit Facility required us to comply with a leverage ratio. The 2018 Credit Facility also contained affirmative and negative covenants customary for financings of this type, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on repurchasing common shares, declaring and paying dividends and other distributions, redeeming and repurchasing certain other indebtedness, making loans and investments, incurring additional indebtedness, granting liens, and effecting mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2018 Credit Facility contained customary events of default.

On April 12, 2024, concurrently with the issuance of the \$800.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes, or the 2029 Secured Notes, as described further below, we entered into the eighth amendment to the 2018 Credit Facility. The eighth amendment to the 2018 Credit Facility, among other things, refinanced and replaced in full the 2018 Credit Facility with, (i) a Term Loan B Facility, or the 2024 Term Loan B, with an aggregate principal amount of \$400.0 million and (ii) a revolving credit facility, or the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility, with an aggregate principal amount of \$400.0 million, collectively the 2024 Credit Facility. All obligations under the 2024 Credit Facility are unconditionally guaranteed by certain direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of Herbalife Ltd. and secured on a senior secured basis by the equity interests of certain of Herbalife Ltd.'s subsidiaries and substantially all of the assets of the domestic loan parties. Interest is due at least quarterly on amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility.

The 2024 Term Loan B Facility was issued to the lenders at a 7.00% discount, or \$28.0 million, and we incurred approximately \$10.3 million of debt issuance costs in connection with the 2024 Credit Facility. We may prepay the 2024 Term Loan B at a 102% premium at any time on or before the first anniversary, 101% premium following the first anniversary and on or prior to the second anniversary, and, solely in connection with a repricing event, at a 101% premium after the second anniversary but on or prior to the third anniversary, and generally at no premium thereafter. The 2024 Term Loan B requires quarterly payments equal to 5.0% of the aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Term Loan B per annum, commencing in September 2024. In addition, pursuant to the terms of the 2024 Credit Facility, we may be required to make mandatory prepayments towards the 2024 Term Loan B based on an annual excess cash flow calculation and consolidated leverage ratio as defined under the terms of the 2024 Credit Facility.

Proceeds from the 2024 Term Loan B together with the proceeds from the 2029 Secured Notes were used to repay indebtedness, including all borrowings outstanding under the 2018 Credit Facility, effectively terminating its \$228.9 million outstanding principal balance on the 2018 Term Loan A, and repaying \$584.3 million on the 2018 Term Loan B, \$170.0 million on the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, and a portion of the 2025 Notes described further below. For accounting purposes, pursuant to ASC 470, *Debt*, these transactions were accounted for as an extinguishment of the 2018 Credit Facility. As a result, we recognized \$981.0 million as a reduction to long-term debt representing the carrying value of the 2018 Credit Facility repaid in full in the second quarter of 2024. We also recognized a loss on extinguishment of approximately \$2.5 million, as a result, which was recorded in other expense, net within our condensed consolidated statement of income during the second quarter of 2024.

Borrowings utilizing SOFR under the 2024 Credit Facility use Adjusted Term SOFR. The applicable interest rates on our borrowings under the 2024 Term Loan B, as amended, bear interest at either, the Adjusted Term SOFR, which is the rate per annum equal to Term SOFR plus a rate adjustment based on interest periods of one month, three months, six months and twelve months tenors equaling to approximately 0.11%, 0.26%, 0.43% and 0.72%, respectively, plus a margin of 6.75%, or the base rate, which represents the highest of the Federal Funds Rate plus 0.50%, one-month Adjusted Term SOFR plus 1.00%, and the prime rate quoted by The Wall Street Journal, plus a margin of 5.75%. The Adjusted Term SOFR is subject to a floor of 0.00% and the base rate is subject to a floor of 1.00%. The 2024 Term Loan B Facility matures upon the earlier of (i) April 12, 2029, or (ii) March 16, 2028 if the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$100.0 million and we exceed certain leverage ratios as of that date, or (iii) June 2, 2025 if the outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$200.0 million on such date. The outstanding principal balance of the 2025 Notes was \$197.3 million as of March 31, 2025.

Depending on our total leverage ratio, borrowings under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility bear interest at either the Adjusted Term SOFR plus a margin of between 5.50% and 6.50%, or the base rate plus a margin of between 4.50% and 5.50%. The 2024 Revolving Credit Facility matures upon the earlier of (i) April 12, 2028, (ii) December 16, 2027 if the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$100.0 million and we exceed certain leverage ratios as of that date, or (iii) March 3, 2025 if the outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes, as defined below, exceeds \$200.0 million on such date. The outstanding principal balance of the 2025 Notes was \$197.3 million as of March 31, 2025. We pay a commitment fee on the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility of, depending on our total leverage ratio, between 0.35% to 0.45% per annum on the undrawn portion of the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility.

The 2024 Credit Facility contains affirmative, negative and financial covenants customary for financings of this type, including, among other things, limitations or prohibitions on declaring and paying dividends and other distributions, redeeming and repurchasing certain other indebtedness, making loans and investments, incurring additional indebtedness, granting liens, and effecting mergers, asset sales and transactions with affiliates. In addition, the 2024 Credit Facility contains customary events of default. The 2024 Revolving Credit Facility requires us to maintain a maximum total leverage ratio of 4.50:1.00 through December 31, 2024, stepping down to 4.25:1.00 on March 31, 2025 and 4.00:1.00 at September 30, 2025 and thereafter. The financial covenants also include a maximum first lien net leverage ratio of 2.50:1.00, a minimum fixed charge coverage ratio of 2.00:1.00, and a minimum liquidity of \$200 million of revolver availability and accessible cash. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we were in compliance with its financial covenants under the 2024 Credit Facility.

We are permitted to make voluntary prepayments, subject to the premiums as discussed above. These prepayments, if any, will be applied against remaining quarterly installments owed under the 2024 Term Loan B in order of maturity with the remaining principal due upon maturity, unless directed otherwise by us. Pursuant to the terms of the 2018 Credit Facility excess cash flow clause and based on the 2023 excess cash flow calculation and consolidated leverage ratio as of December 31, 2023, as described and defined under the terms of the 2018 Credit Facility, we made a \$66.3 million mandatory prepayment towards the 2018 Term Loan B during the first quarter of 2024.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025, we borrowed an aggregate amount of \$65.0 million under the 2024 Credit Facility, all of which was under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility, and repaid a total amount of \$70.0 million under the 2024 Credit Facility, which included \$65.0 million of repayments on amounts outstanding under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, we borrowed an aggregate amount of \$160.0 million under the 2018 Credit Facility, all of which was under the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility, and repaid a total amount of \$103.5 million on amounts outstanding under the 2018 Credit Facility, which included \$30.0 million of repayments on amounts outstanding under the 2018 Revolving Credit Facility and a \$66.3 million mandatory prepayment on amounts outstanding under the 2018 Term Loan B. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the U.S. dollar amount outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility was \$385.0 million and \$390.0 million, respectively. Of the \$385.0 million outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025, \$385.0 million was outstanding under the 2024 Term Loan B. Of the \$390.0 million outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility as of December 31, 2024, \$390.0 million was outstanding under the 2024 Term Loan B. There were no borrowings outstanding under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. In addition, as of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had an issued but undrawn letter of credit against the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility of approximately \$45 million which reduced our remaining available borrowing capacity under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility. As a result of the issued but undrawn letter of credit, as of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the remaining available borrowing capacity under the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility was approximately \$355 million. There were no outstanding foreign currency borrowings under the 2024 Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 the weighted-average interest rate for borrowings under the 2024 Credit Facility was 11.25% and 10.35%, respectively.

See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further discussion on the 2024 Credit Facility, 2018 Credit Facility, and the refinancing thereof.

#### *Senior Secured Notes due 2029*

In April 2024, we issued \$800.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior secured notes due 2029, or the 2029 Secured Notes. The 2029 Secured Notes are guaranteed on a senior secured basis by us and each of our existing and future subsidiaries that is a guarantor of the obligations of any domestic borrower under our 2024 Credit Facility. The 2029 Secured Notes pay interest at a rate of 12.250% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2024. The 2029 Secured Notes mature on April 15, 2029. The primary purpose of the issuance of the 2029 Secured Notes was to, along with proceeds from the 2024 Credit Facility, repay in full the 2018 Credit Facility and a partial redemption and private repurchase of the 2025 Notes. As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2029 Secured Notes was \$800.0 million. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further discussion on our 2029 Secured Notes.

#### *Convertible Senior Notes due 2024*

In March 2018, we issued \$550.0 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2024, or the 2024 Convertible Notes. The 2024 Convertible Notes were senior unsecured obligations which ranked effectively subordinate to any of our existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2018 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2024 Convertible Notes paid interest at a rate of 2.625% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on March 15 and September 15 of each year, beginning on September 15, 2018. The 2024 Convertible Notes matured on March 15, 2024.

We repurchased \$287.5 million and \$65.5 million of our 2024 Convertible Notes in December 2022 and August 2023, respectively. For accounting purposes, pursuant to ASC 470, *Debt*, these transactions were accounted for as an extinguishment of 2024 Convertible Notes. During March 2024, we repaid a total amount of \$197.0 million to repay in full amounts outstanding on the 2024 Convertible Notes upon maturity, as well as \$2.6 million of accrued interest.

See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further discussion on our 2024 Convertible Notes.

#### *Convertible Senior Notes due 2028*

In December 2022, we issued \$277.5 million aggregate principal amount of convertible senior notes due 2028, or the 2028 Convertible Notes. The 2028 Convertible Notes are senior unsecured obligations which rank effectively subordinate to any of our existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2028 Convertible Notes pay interest at a rate of 4.25% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning on June 15, 2023. Unless redeemed, repurchased or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date, the 2028 Convertible Notes mature on June 15, 2028. The primary purpose of the issuance of the 2028 Convertible Notes was to repurchase a portion of the 2024 Convertible Notes. As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2028 Convertible Notes was \$277.5 million. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further discussion on our 2028 Convertible Notes.

#### *Senior Notes due 2025*

In May 2020, we issued \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2025, or the 2025 Notes. The 2025 Notes are senior unsecured obligations which rank effectively subordinate to any of our existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2025 Notes pay interest at a rate of 7.875% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on March 1, 2021. The 2025 Notes mature on September 1, 2025, unless redeemed or repurchased in accordance with their terms prior to such date. The primary purpose of the issuance of the 2025 Notes was for general corporate purposes, including share repurchases and other capital investment projects. In April 2024, we redeemed \$300.0 million of the 2025 Notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$309.1 million, which included \$3.2 million of accrued interest. Separately, in April 2024, we also repurchased \$37.7 million of the 2025 Notes in a private transaction for an aggregate purchase price of \$38.9 million, which included \$0.5 million of accrued interest. In February 2025, we redeemed \$65.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2025 Notes for an aggregate purchase price of \$67.3 million, which included \$2.3 million of accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date. As of March 31, 2025, the remaining outstanding principal on the 2025 Notes was \$197.3 million. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further discussion on our 2025 Notes and the partial redemption and repurchase of a portion thereof.

### *Senior Notes due 2029*

In May 2021, we issued \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount of senior notes due 2029, or the 2029 Notes. The 2029 Notes are senior unsecured obligations which rank effectively subordinate to any of our existing and future secured indebtedness, including amounts outstanding under the 2024 Credit Facility, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. The 2029 Notes pay interest at a rate of 4.875% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2021. The 2029 Notes mature on June 1, 2029, unless redeemed or repurchased in accordance with their terms prior to such date. The primary purpose of the issuance of the 2029 Notes was to repurchase the senior notes due in 2026 as well as for general corporate purposes, which may include shares repurchases and other capital investment projects. As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding principal on the 2029 Notes was \$600.0 million. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a further discussion on our 2029 Notes.

### *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The majority of our foreign subsidiaries designate their local currencies as their functional currencies. As of March 31, 2025, the total amount of our foreign subsidiary cash and cash equivalents was \$289.6 million, of which \$24.6 million was held in U.S. dollars. As of March 31, 2025, the total amount of cash and cash equivalents held by Herbalife Ltd. and its U.S. entities, inclusive of U.S. territories, was \$39.8 million.

For earnings not considered to be indefinitely reinvested deferred income taxes have been provided. For earnings considered to be indefinitely reinvested, deferred income taxes have not been provided. Should we make a determination to remit the cash and cash equivalents from our foreign subsidiaries that are considered indefinitely reinvested to Herbalife Ltd. for the purpose of repatriation of undistributed earnings, we would need to accrue and pay taxes. As of December 31, 2024, Herbalife Ltd. had approximately \$3.1 billion of permanently reinvested unremitted earnings relating to its operating subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2024, we do not have any plans to repatriate these unremitted earnings to Herbalife Ltd.; therefore, we do not have any liquidity concerns relating to these unremitted earnings and related cash and cash equivalents. See Note 12, *Income Taxes*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in our 2024 10-K for additional discussion on our unremitted earnings.

### *Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements*

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had no material off-balance sheet arrangements except for those described in Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, and Note 5, *Contingencies*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### *Dividends*

We have not declared or paid cash dividends since 2014. The declaration of future dividends is subject to the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon various factors, including our earnings, financial condition, Herbalife Ltd.'s available distributable reserves under Cayman Islands law, restrictions imposed by the 2024 Credit Facility and the terms of any other indebtedness that may be outstanding, cash requirements, future prospects, and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors.

### *Share Repurchases*

On February 9, 2021, our board of directors authorized a three-year \$1.5 billion share repurchase program which had approximately \$985.5 million of remaining authorized capacity prior to the share repurchase program expiring on February 9, 2024. This share repurchase program allowed us, which included an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Herbalife Ltd., to repurchase our common shares at such times and prices as determined by management, as market conditions warranted, and to the extent Herbalife Ltd.'s distributable reserves were available under Cayman Islands law. The 2024 Credit Facility permits us to repurchase our common shares as long as no default or event of default exists and other conditions, such as specified consolidated leverage ratios, are met.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, we did not repurchase any of our common shares through open-market purchases.

See Note 10, *Shareholders' Deficit*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for a further discussion on our share repurchases.

### *Working Capital and Operating Activities*

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had negative working capital of \$35.0 million and negative working capital of \$86.7 million, respectively. The \$51.7 million increase in working capital was primarily due to decreases in current portion of long-term debt, royalty overrides and other current liabilities, and increases in receivables and inventories, partially offset by a decrease in cash and cash equivalents, and an increase in accounts payable. The decrease in current portion of long-term debt is primarily from a \$65.0 million partial redemption of our 2025 Notes. See Note 4, *Long-Term Debt*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion.

We expect that cash and funds provided from operations, available borrowings under the 2024 Credit Facility, and longer-term access to capital markets will provide sufficient working capital to operate our business, to make expected capital expenditures, and to meet foreseeable liquidity requirements for the next twelve months and thereafter, including the repayment of the 2025 Notes.

The majority of our purchases from suppliers are generally made in U.S. dollars, while sales to our Members generally are made in local currencies. Consequently, strengthening of the U.S. dollar versus a foreign currency can have a negative impact on gross profit and can generate transaction gains or losses on intercompany transactions. For discussion of our foreign exchange contracts and other hedging arrangements, see Part I, Item 3, *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

### **Contingencies**

See Note 5, *Contingencies*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for information on our contingencies as of March 31, 2025.

### **Subsequent Events**

See Note 15, *Subsequent Events*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for information relating to certain asset acquisition during April 2025.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. We regularly evaluate our estimates and assumptions related to revenue recognition, allowance for product returns, inventory, goodwill and purchased intangible asset valuations, deferred income tax asset valuation allowances, uncertain tax positions, tax contingencies, and other loss contingencies. We base our estimates and assumptions on current facts, historical experience and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the recording of revenue, costs and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates. We consider the following policies to be most critical in understanding the judgments that are involved in preparing the financial statements and the uncertainties that could impact our operating results, financial condition and cash flows.

We are a nutrition company that sells a wide range of weight management; targeted nutrition; energy, sports, and fitness; and outer nutrition products. Our products are manufactured by us in our Changsha, Hunan, China extraction facility; Suzhou, China facility; Lake Forest, California facility; and Winston-Salem, North Carolina facility; and by third-party providers, and then are sold to Members who consume and sell Herbalife products to retail consumers or other Members. As of March 31, 2025, we sold products in 95 markets throughout the world and we are organized and managed by geographic region. We aggregate our operating segments into one reporting segment, except China, as management believes that our operating segments have similar operating characteristics and similar long-term operating performance. In making this determination, management believes that the operating segments are similar in the nature of the products sold, the product acquisition process, the types of customers to whom products are sold, the methods used to distribute the products, the nature of the regulatory environment, and their economic characteristics.

We generally recognize revenue upon delivery when control passes to the Member. Product sales are recognized net of product returns, and discounts referred to as “distributor allowances.” We generally receive the net sales price in cash or through credit card payments at the point of sale. Royalty overrides are generally recorded when revenue is recognized. See Note 2, *Significant Accounting Policies*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for a further discussion of distributor compensation in the U.S.



Allowances for product returns, primarily in connection with our buyback program, are provided at the time the sale is recorded. This accrual is based upon historical return rates for each country and the relevant return pattern, which reflects anticipated returns to be received over a period of up to 12 months following the original sale. Historically, product returns and buybacks have not been significant. Product returns and buybacks were approximately 0.1% of net sales for both of the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

We adjust our inventories to lower of cost and net realizable value. Additionally we adjust the carrying value of our inventory based on assumptions regarding future demand for our products and market conditions. If future demand and market conditions are less favorable than management's assumptions, additional inventory write-downs could be required. Likewise, favorable future demand and market conditions could positively impact future operating results if previously written down inventories are sold. We have obsolete and slow moving inventories which have been adjusted downward \$22.7 million and \$14.4 million to present them at their lower of cost and net realizable value in our condensed consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Goodwill and marketing-related intangible assets not subject to amortization are tested annually for impairment, and are tested for impairment more frequently if events and circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired.

Under the quantitative method for impairment testing of goodwill, which is done at the reporting unit level, we primarily use an income approach in order to determine the fair value of a reporting unit and compare it to its carrying amount. The determination of the fair value of the reporting units requires us to make significant estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions include estimates of future revenues and expense growth rates, capital expenditures and the depreciation and amortization related to these capital expenditures, discount rates, and other inputs. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making these estimates, actual future results could differ. Changes in assumptions regarding future results or other underlying assumptions could have a significant impact on the fair value of the reporting unit. If the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized for any excess of the carrying amount of the reporting unit over its fair value. During fiscal year 2024, we performed a quantitative assessment and determined that the fair value of each reporting unit was significantly greater than its respective carrying value.

Under the quantitative method for impairment testing of our marketing-related intangible assets, we use a discounted cash flow model, or the income approach, under the relief-from-royalty method to determine the fair value of our marketing-related intangible assets in order to confirm there is no impairment required. An impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds their fair value. During fiscal year 2024, we performed a quantitative assessment of our marketing-related intangible assets and determined that the fair value of the assets was significantly greater than their carrying value.

As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had goodwill of approximately \$89.2 million and \$87.7 million, respectively. The increase in goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2025 was due to foreign currency translation adjustments. As of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had marketing-related intangible assets of approximately \$310.0 million. No goodwill or marketing-related intangibles impairment was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

Contingencies are accounted for in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 450, *Contingencies*, or ASC 450. ASC 450 requires that we record an estimated loss from a loss contingency when information available prior to issuance of our financial statements indicates that it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. We also disclose material contingencies when we believe a loss is not probable but reasonably possible as required by ASC 450. Accounting for contingencies such as legal and non-income tax matters requires us to use judgment related to both the likelihood of a loss and the estimate of the amount or range of loss. Many of these legal and tax contingencies can take years to be resolved. Generally, as the time period increases over which the uncertainties are resolved, the likelihood of changes to the estimate of the ultimate outcome increases.

As part of the process of preparing our condensed consolidated financial statements, we are required to estimate our income taxes in each of the jurisdictions in which we operate prior to the completion and filing of tax returns for such periods. These estimates involve complex issues and require us to make judgments about the likely application of the tax law to our situation, as well as with respect to other matters, such as anticipating the positions that we will take on tax returns prior to us actually preparing the returns and the outcomes of disputes with tax authorities. The ultimate resolution of these issues may take extended periods of time due to examinations by tax authorities and statutes of limitations. In addition, changes in our business, including acquisitions, changes in our international corporate structure, changes in the geographic location of business functions or assets, changes in the geographic mix and amount of income, as well as changes in our agreements with tax authorities, valuation allowances, applicable accounting rules, applicable tax laws and regulations, rulings and interpretations thereof, developments in tax audit and other matters, and variations in the estimated and actual level of annual pre-tax income can affect the overall effective income tax rate.

We evaluate the realizability of our deferred income tax assets by assessing the valuation allowance and by adjusting the amount of such allowance, if necessary. Although realization is not assured, we believe it is more likely than not that the net carrying value will be realized. The amount of the carryforwards that is considered realizable, however, could change if estimates of future taxable income are adjusted. The ability to forecast income over multiple years at a jurisdictional level is subject to uncertainty especially when our assessment of valuation allowances factor in longer term income forecasts. The impact of increasing or decreasing the valuation allowance could be material to our condensed consolidated financial statements. In addition, during the quarter ended December 31, 2024, the Company initiated changes to its corporate entity structure including intra-entity transfers of intellectual property to one of its European subsidiaries. This reorganization resulted in the Company recognizing a step-up in tax basis on the fair value of the intellectual property and required management to make significant estimates and assumptions to determine the fair value of such assets, using a discounted cash flow model. Significant assumptions in valuing the intellectual property include, but are not limited to, revenue growth rates, projected operating income, and the discount rate. See Note 12, *Income Taxes*, to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part IV, Item 15, *Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules*, of the 2024 10-K for additional information on our net deferred income tax assets and valuation allowances.

We account for uncertain tax positions in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, or ASC 740, which provides guidance on the determination of how tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under ASC 740, we must recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate resolution.

Our policy is to account for global intangible low-taxed income as a period cost if and when incurred.

We account for foreign currency transactions in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 830, *Foreign Currency Matters*. In a majority of the countries where we operate, the functional currency is the local currency. Our foreign subsidiaries' asset and liability accounts are translated for condensed consolidated financial reporting purposes into U.S. dollar amounts at period-end exchange rates. Revenue and expense accounts are translated at the average rates during the year. Our foreign currency translation adjustments are included in accumulated other comprehensive loss on our accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Foreign currency transaction gains and losses and foreign currency remeasurements are generally included in selling, general, and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income.

#### *New Accounting Pronouncements*

See discussion under Note 2, *Significant Accounting Policies*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, for information on new accounting pronouncements.

### **Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk***

We are exposed to market risks, which arise during the normal course of business from changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates. On a selected basis, we use derivative financial instruments to manage or hedge certain of these risks. All hedging transactions are authorized and executed pursuant to written guidelines and procedures.

We apply FASB ASC Topic 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*, or ASC 815, which established accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts, and for hedging activities. All derivatives, whether designated in hedging relationships or not, are required to be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. If the derivative is designated as a fair-value hedge, the changes in the fair value of the derivative and the underlying hedged item are recognized concurrently in earnings. If the derivative is designated as a cash flow hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative are recorded in other comprehensive income (loss) and are recognized in the condensed consolidated statements of income when the hedged item affects earnings. ASC 815 defines the requirements for designation and documentation of hedging relationships as well as ongoing effectiveness assessments in order to use hedge accounting. For a derivative that does not qualify as a hedge, changes in fair value are recognized concurrently in earnings.

A discussion of our primary market risk exposures and derivatives is presented below.

## Foreign Exchange Risk

We transact business globally and are subject to risks associated with changes in foreign exchange rates. Our objective is to minimize the impact to earnings and cash flow associated with foreign exchange rate fluctuations. We enter into foreign exchange derivatives in the ordinary course of business primarily to reduce exposure to currency fluctuations attributable to intercompany transactions, translation of local currency earnings, inventory purchases subject to foreign currency exposure, and to partially mitigate the impact of foreign currency rate fluctuations. Due to volatility in foreign exchange markets, our current strategy, in general, is to hedge some of the significant exposures on a short-term basis. We will continue to monitor the foreign exchange markets and evaluate our hedging strategy accordingly. With the exception of our foreign currency forward contracts relating to forecasted inventory purchases and intercompany management fees discussed below, all of our foreign exchange contracts are designated as freestanding derivatives for which hedge accounting does not apply. The changes in the fair value of the derivatives not qualifying as cash flow hedges are included in selling, general, and administrative expenses within our condensed consolidated statements of income.

The foreign currency forward contracts and option contracts designated as freestanding derivatives are primarily used to hedge foreign currency-denominated intercompany transactions and to partially mitigate the impact of foreign currency fluctuations. The fair value of foreign exchange derivative contracts is based on third-party quotes. Our foreign currency derivative contracts are generally executed on a monthly basis.

We also purchase foreign currency forward contracts in order to hedge forecasted inventory transactions and intercompany management fees that are designated as cash flow hedges and are subject to foreign currency exposures. We applied the hedge accounting rules as required by ASC 815 for these hedges. These contracts allow us to buy and sell certain currencies at specified contract rates. As of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the aggregate notional amounts of these contracts outstanding were approximately \$41.2 million and \$69.9 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, the outstanding contracts were expected to mature over the next twelve months. Our derivative financial instruments are recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value based on quoted market rates. For the forecasted inventory transactions, the forward contracts are used to hedge forecasted inventory transactions over specific months. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, excluding forward points, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' deficit, and are recognized in cost of sales within our condensed consolidated statement of income during the period which approximates the time the hedged inventory is sold. We also hedge forecasted intercompany management fees over specific months. Changes in the fair value of these forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges, excluding forward points, are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss within shareholders' deficit, and are recognized in selling, general, and administrative expenses within our condensed consolidated statement of income during the period when the hedged item and underlying transaction affect earnings. As of March 31, 2025, we recorded assets at fair value of \$1.7 million and liabilities at fair value of \$0.1 million relating to all outstanding foreign currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges. As of December 31, 2024, we recorded assets at fair value of \$4.1 million and liabilities at fair value of zero relating to all outstanding foreign currency contracts designated as cash flow hedges. These hedges remained effective as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

As of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the majority of our outstanding foreign currency forward contracts related to freestanding derivatives had maturity dates of less than twelve months with the majority of freestanding derivatives expiring within one month.

The following table provides information about the details of all foreign currency forward contracts that were outstanding as of March 31, 2025:

	Weighted- Average Contract Rate	Notional Amount	Fair Value Gain (Loss)
	<i>(in millions, except weighted-average contract rate)</i>		
<b>As of March 31, 2025</b>			
Buy British pound sell Euro	0.84	\$ 26.1	\$ —
Buy British pound sell U.S. dollar	1.29	1.3	—
Buy Chinese yuan sell U.S. dollar	7.23	38.0	(0.2)
Buy Czech koruna sell U.S. dollar	23.05	3.5	—
Buy Danish krone sell U.S. dollar	6.86	1.8	—
Buy Euro sell Australian dollar	1.73	1.3	—
Buy Euro sell British pound	0.84	9.0	—
Buy Euro sell Hong Kong dollar	8.45	4.7	—
Buy Euro sell Mexican peso	21.61	93.8	3.0
Buy Euro sell Swiss franc	0.96	30.5	(0.1)
Buy Euro sell U.S. dollar	1.09	25.0	(0.1)
Buy Korean won sell U.S. dollar	1,456.56	6.2	—
Buy Mexican peso sell Euro	21.76	12.4	(0.3)
Buy Mexican peso sell U.S. dollar	20.42	11.0	—
Buy Norwegian krone sell U.S. dollar	10.67	4.5	0.1
Buy Polish zloty sell U.S. dollar	3.86	8.2	—
Buy Swedish krona sell U.S. dollar	10.16	2.1	—
Buy Swiss franc sell U.S. dollar	0.88	30.3	—
Buy Taiwan dollar sell U.S. dollar	32.83	6.1	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Brazilian real	5.85	4.5	(0.1)
Buy U.S. dollar sell British pound	1.29	24.6	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Canadian dollar	1.43	1.6	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Colombian peso	4,140.89	2.2	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Czech koruna	23.03	1.6	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Euro	1.08	175.9	(1.0)
Buy U.S. dollar sell Indian rupee	85.93	14.0	(0.1)
Buy U.S. dollar sell Indonesian rupiah	16,409.57	7.1	0.1
Buy U.S. dollar sell Korean won	1,450.58	2.7	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Mexican peso	20.51	14.0	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Philippine peso	57.36	2.6	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Polish zloty	3.84	3.4	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Romanian leu	4.60	2.6	—
Buy U.S. dollar sell Taiwan dollar	32.76	1.8	—
<b>Total forward contracts</b>		<b>\$ 574.4</b>	<b>\$ 1.3</b>

The majority of our foreign subsidiaries designate their local currencies as their functional currencies. See *Liquidity and Capital Resources — Cash and Cash Equivalents* in Part I, Item 2, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further discussion of our foreign subsidiary cash and cash equivalents.

### Interest Rate Risk

As of March 31, 2025, the aggregate annual maturities of the 2024 Credit Facility were expected to be \$15.0 million for the remainder of 2025, \$20.0 million for 2026, \$20.0 million for 2027, \$20.0 million for 2028, and \$310.0 million for 2029. As of March 31, 2025, the fair value of the 2024 Term Loan B was approximately \$386.7 million, and the carrying value was \$356.5 million. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the 2024 Term Loan B was approximately \$387.3 million, and the carrying value was \$359.9 million. There were no outstanding borrowings on the 2024 Revolving Credit Facility as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The 2024 Credit Facility bears variable interest rates, and as of March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 the weighted-average interest rate for borrowings under the 2024 Credit Facility was 11.25% and 10.35%, respectively.

Since our 2024 Credit Facility is based on variable interest rates, if interest rates were to increase or decrease by 1% for the year and our borrowing amounts on our 2024 Credit Facility remained constant, our annual interest expense could increase or decrease by approximately \$3.9 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2025, the fair value of the 2029 Secured Notes was approximately \$881.4 million and the carrying value was \$769.6 million. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the 2029 Secured Notes was approximately \$851.3 million and the carrying value was \$768.2 million. The 2029 Secured Notes pay interest at a fixed rate of 12.250% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2024. The 2029 Secured Notes mature on April 15, 2029, unless redeemed or repurchased in accordance with their terms prior to such date. The 2029 Secured Notes are recorded at their carrying value and their fair value is used only for disclosure purposes, so an increase or decrease in interest rates would not have any impact to our condensed consolidated financial statements; however, if interest rates were to increase or decrease by 1%, their fair value could decrease by approximately \$26.8 million or increase by approximately \$28.0 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2025, the fair value of the 2028 Convertible Notes was approximately \$239.4 million and the carrying value was \$272.3 million. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the 2028 Convertible Notes was approximately \$215.3 million, and the carrying value was \$271.9 million. The 2028 Convertible Notes pay interest at a fixed rate of 4.25% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on June 15 and December 15 of each year, beginning on June 15, 2023. Unless redeemed, repurchased or converted in accordance with their terms prior to such date, the 2028 Convertible Notes mature on June 15, 2028.

As of March 31, 2025, the fair value of the 2025 Notes was approximately \$199.8 million and the carrying value was \$197.1 million. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the 2025 Notes was approximately \$263.0 million and the carrying value was \$261.8 million. The 2025 Notes pay interest at a fixed rate of 7.875% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on March 1 and September 1 of each year, beginning on March 1, 2021. The 2025 Notes mature on September 1, 2025, unless redeemed or repurchased in accordance with their terms prior to such date. The 2025 Notes are recorded at their carrying value and their fair value is used only for disclosure purposes, so an increase or decrease in interest rates would not have any impact to our condensed consolidated financial statements; however, if interest rates were to increase or decrease by 1%, their fair value could decrease by approximately \$0.8 million or increase by approximately \$0.8 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2025, the fair value of the 2029 Notes was approximately \$467.1 million and the carrying value was \$595.6 million. As of December 31, 2024, the fair value of the 2029 Notes was approximately \$421.5 million and the carrying value was \$595.4 million. The 2029 Notes pay interest at a fixed rate of 4.875% per annum payable semiannually in arrears on June 1 and December 1 of each year, beginning on December 1, 2021. The 2029 Notes mature on June 1, 2029, unless redeemed or repurchased in accordance with their terms prior to such date. The 2029 Notes are recorded at their carrying value and their fair value is used only for disclosure purposes, so an increase or decrease in interest rates would not have any impact to our condensed consolidated financial statements; however, if interest rates were to increase or decrease by 1%, their fair value could decrease by approximately \$15.6 million or increase by approximately \$16.3 million, respectively.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

*Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.* Our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Based on such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2025.

*Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting.* There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

*This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact are “forward-looking statements” for purposes of federal and state securities laws, including any projections of earnings, revenue or other financial items; any statements of the plans, strategies and objectives of management, including for future operations, capital expenditures, or share repurchases; any statements concerning proposed new products, services, or developments; any statements regarding future economic conditions or performance; any statements of belief or expectation; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the foregoing or other future events. Forward-looking statements may include, among others, the words “may,” “will,” “estimate,” “intend,” “continue,” “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate” or any other similar words.*

*Although we believe that the expectations reflected in any of our forward-looking statements are reasonable, actual results or outcomes could differ materially from those projected or assumed in any of our forward-looking statements. Our future financial condition and results of operations, as well as any forward-looking statements, are subject to change and to inherent risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control. Important factors that could cause our actual results, performance and achievements, or industry results to differ materially from estimates or projections contained in or implied by our forward-looking statements include the following:*

- the potential impacts of current global economic conditions, including inflation, unfavorable foreign exchange rate fluctuations, and tariffs or retaliatory tariffs, on us; our Members, customers, and supply chain; and the world economy;
- our ability to attract and retain Members;
- our relationship with, and our ability to influence the actions of, our Members;
- our noncompliance with, or improper action by our employees or Members in violation of, applicable U.S. and foreign laws, rules, and regulations;
- adverse publicity associated with our Company or the direct-selling industry, including our ability to comfort the marketplace and regulators regarding our compliance with applicable laws;
- changing consumer preferences and demands and evolving industry standards, including with respect to climate change, sustainability, and other environmental, social, and governance matters;
- the competitive nature of our business and industry;
- legal and regulatory matters, including regulatory actions concerning, or legal challenges to, our products or network marketing program and product liability claims;
- the Consent Order entered into with the Federal Trade Commission, or FTC, the effects thereof and any failure to comply therewith;
- risks associated with operating internationally and in China;
- our ability to execute our growth and other strategic initiatives, including implementation of our restructuring initiatives, and increased penetration of our existing markets;
- any material disruption to our business caused by natural disasters, other catastrophic events, acts of war or terrorism, including the war in Ukraine, cybersecurity incidents, pandemics, and/or other acts by third parties;
- our ability to adequately source ingredients, packaging materials, and other raw materials and manufacture and distribute our products;
- our reliance on our information technology infrastructure;
- noncompliance by us or our Members with any privacy laws, rules, or regulations or any security breach involving the misappropriation, loss, or other unauthorized use or disclosure of confidential information;
- contractual limitations on our ability to expand or change our direct-selling business model;
- the sufficiency of our trademarks and other intellectual property;
- product concentration;
- our reliance upon, or the loss or departure of any member of, our senior management team;

- restrictions imposed by covenants in the agreements governing our indebtedness;
- risks related to our convertible notes;
- changes in, and uncertainties relating to, the application of transfer pricing, income tax, customs duties, value added taxes, and other tax laws, treaties, and regulations, or their interpretation;
- our incorporation under the laws of the Cayman Islands; and
- share price volatility related to, among other things, speculative trading and certain traders shorting our common shares.

*Additional factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from our forward-looking statements are set forth in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and in our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes, and in Part I, Item 1A, Risk Factors, of the 2024 10-K. In addition, historical, current, and forward-looking sustainability-related statements may be based on standards for measuring progress that are still developing, internal controls and processes that continue to evolve, and assumptions that are subject to change in the future.*

*Forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q speak only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake any obligation to update or release any revisions to any forward-looking statement or to report any events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law.*

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. *Legal Proceedings*

See discussion under Note 5, *Contingencies*, to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included in Part I, Item 1, *Financial Statements*, of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, which is incorporated herein by reference.

### Item 1A. *Risk Factors*

Our business, reputation, prospects, financial condition, operating results, cash flows, liquidity, and share price can be affected by a number of factors, whether currently known or unknown, including those described in Part I, Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, of the 2024 10-K. When any one or more of these risks materialize from time to time, our business, reputation, prospects, financial condition, operating results, cash flows, liquidity, and share price can be materially and adversely affected. There have been no material changes to our risk factors disclosed in the 2024 10-K.

### Item 2. *Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds*

(a) None.

(b) None.

(c) On February 9, 2021, our board of directors authorized a three-year \$1.5 billion share repurchase program which had approximately \$985.5 million of remaining authorized capacity prior to the share repurchase program expiring on February 9, 2024. This share repurchase program allowed us, which included an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Herbalife Ltd., to repurchase our common shares at such times and prices as determined by management, as market conditions warranted, and to the extent Herbalife Ltd.'s distributable reserves were available under Cayman Islands law. The 2024 Credit Facility permits us to repurchase our common shares as long as no default or event of default exists and other conditions, such as specified consolidated leverage ratios, are met. We did not repurchase any of our common shares during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

### Item 3. *Defaults Upon Senior Securities*

None.

### Item 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures*

Not applicable.

### Item 5. *Other Information*

(a) None.

(b) None.

(c) None.

### Item 6. *Exhibits*

(a) Exhibit Index:



## EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description	Reference
3.1	<a href="#">Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of Herbalife Ltd.</a>	(a)
10.47#	<a href="#">Employment Agreement, dated as of February 6, 2025, by and among Michael O. Johnson, Herbalife International of America, Inc. and Herbalife Ltd.</a>	(b)
10.48#	<a href="#">Agreement, dated as of August 4, 2023, by and among Herbalife Ltd., Global Sales Strategies Inc. and Stephan Paulo Gratziani</a>	*
31.1	<a href="#">Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer</a>	*
31.2	<a href="#">Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer</a>	*
32.1	<a href="#">Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer</a>	**
32.2	<a href="#">Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer</a>	**
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document – The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document	*
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded Linkbase Documents	*
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File – The cover page from the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 is formatted in Inline XBRL (included as Exhibit 101)	*

\* Filed herewith.

\*\* Furnished herewith.

# Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

(a) Previously filed on May 2, 2023 as an Exhibit to the Company’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 and is incorporated herein by reference.

(b) Previously filed on February 19, 2025 as an Exhibit to the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and is incorporated herein by reference.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**HERBALIFE LTD.**

By: /s/ JOHN G. DESIMONE  
John G. DeSimone  
*Chief Financial Officer*

Dated: April 30, 2025



## AGREEMENT

This Agreement (“Agreement”), dated as of August 4, 2023 (the “Effective Date”), is made by and between Herbalife Ltd., a Cayman Islands exempted company incorporated with limited liability (“Herbalife” or the “Company”), Global Sales Strategies Inc., a Florida corporation (“Global Sales”), and Stephan Paulo Gratziani (“Gratziani”).

## RECITALS

WHEREAS, Global Sales and Herbalife International of America, Inc., a Nevada corporation and wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“HIAI”), are parties to that certain Corporate Distributorship Agreement, dated March 6, 2023 (together with the Application of Distributorship, the TAB Team Acknowledgement, the Herbalife Sales & Marketing Plan and Business Rules, and all other publications, communications and announcements provided to Global Sales by HIAI, as they each may be modified, supplemented or replaced, the “Distributorship Agreement”), pursuant to which Global Sales is a Distributor that operates an Herbalife independent business (the “Distributorship”) and is entitled to, among other things, all rights and interests under the Distributorship Agreement, including the right to receive any wholesale profit, royalty overrides, production bonus and the Mark Hughes bonus under the Herbalife Sales & Marketing Plan and Business Rules (the “Marketing Plan Payouts”);

WHEREAS, Global Sales generates annual Marketing Plan Payouts of approximately \$5,000,000.

WHEREAS, Gratziani is the sole shareholder of Global Sales;

WHEREAS, the Company wishes to engage the services of Gratziani in the position of Chief Strategy Officer of the Company;

WHEREAS, the Company’s Conflict of Interest Policy (the “Conflicts of Interest Policy”) prohibits its employees (including employees of its subsidiaries) and its employees’ spouses from being Herbalife Independent Distributors (a “Distributor”) and prohibits, except under very limited circumstances, conducting business or contracting with Distributors (or companies with financial ties to one or more Distributors);

WHEREAS, in order to comply with the Conflicts of Interest Policy as an employee, Gratziani shall suspend any and all activities and relinquish any and all rights, privileges, business association and operation as a Distributor, including indirectly as a sole shareholder of Global Sales;

WHEREAS, as a condition precedent for Gratziani to accept the position of Chief Strategy Officer of the Company, and in consideration for Global Sales to suspend operation of the Distributorship during the term of this Agreement and to waive all of its rights, privileges, and interests under the Distributorship Agreement, including among other things, any Marketing Plan Payout to which it would be entitled during the term of Gratziani’s employment with the Company, the Company has agreed to make available to Global Sales and Gratziani an amount equal to \$9,753,994 in the aggregate, to be paid in time-based stock appreciation rights (“SARs”) to Gratziani and in cash to Global Sales in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, as part of the foregoing contemplation, the Distributorship will be placed in a Waive and Lock status (as defined below).

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NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants, terms and conditions set forth herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

#### 1. Suspension of Global Sales' Rights under Distributorship Agreement.

1.1 Suspension as Distributor During Term. Gratziani and Global Sales agree that during the Term (as defined below) Global Sales shall suspend its operations of the Distributorship and, in connection therewith, neither Gratziani nor Global Sales shall (and Gratziani shall cause his spouse to not), directly or indirectly engage or participate in any business activities or affairs of the Distributorship, including without limitation, conduct business or contract with any other Distributor (or companies with financial ties to one or more Distributors) for Company goods or services.

1.2 Waiver of Distributorship Rights. During the period commencing on the Effective Date and ending on December 31, 2025 (the "Payout Suspension Period"), Global Sales waives and shall not receive any and all rights to, and interest in, any Marketing Plan Payout (the "Waived Payout") or other Distributor benefits including but not limited to Distributor recognitions, vacations, or gifts that otherwise would have been payable to Global Sales as a Distributor under the Distributorship Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, during the Payout Suspension Period, the Company shall retain and have all rights to and interest in Waived Payout otherwise due to Global Sales under the Distributorship Agreement, and at the end of the Payout Suspension Period, the waiver set forth under this Section 1.2 shall cease.

1.3 Resumption of Marketing Plan Payouts after Payout Suspension Period. For the period beginning on January 1, 2026 and ending on December 31, 2026 (the "Payout Resumption Period"), Global Sales shall be entitled to any and all benefits, privileges under, rights to and interest in the Distributorship Agreement, including without limitation, any and all rights to, and interest in, any Marketing Plan Payout otherwise earned after January 1, 2026, provided, however, that (i) each of Gratziani and Global Sales shall continue to be subject to the restrictions set forth in Section 1.1 hereof and remain in the Waive and Lock status as set forth in Section 1.5 hereof for the remainder of the Term, and (ii) in no event will Global Sales or Gratziani be entitled to any Waived Payout.

1.4 Reinstatement as Distributor After Term. Upon expiration of the Term as set forth in Section 3 hereof, Global Sales' status as a Distributor shall resume, and all of its benefits, privileges under, rights to and interest in the Distributorship shall be reinstated as they were immediately prior to the Effective Date, provided, for the avoidance of doubt, in no event will Global Sales or Gratziani be entitled to any Waived Payout.

1.5 Waive and Lock. During the Term, the Distributorship shall be placed on "Waive and Lock" status. While on "Waive and Lock," per the Company's existing policy and procedure, any Total Documented Volume required to earn under the Marketing Plan shall be waived, and no person or entity, including the Company, Global Sales and/or Gratziani, shall be permitted or required to operate the Distributorship.

#### 2. Consideration.

2.1 Time-based Stock Appreciation Rights Inducement Grant. In consideration for Gratziani entering into this Agreement and as a material inducement to agreeing to become employed by the Company, the Company shall grant to Gratziani time-based stock appreciation rights

(“SARs”) in an amount valued at \$5,000,000, subject to applicable tax withholdings, payable as follows:

(a) As soon as permitted pursuant to the Company’s policy and practice following the Effective Date, the Company shall grant Gratziani SARs with a grant date fair value equal to \$5,000,000, with such SARs subject to the vesting conditions set forth under Section 2.1(b) below. The SARs shall be granted outside of the Company’s 2023 Stock Incentive Plan (the “Plan”). The SARs will be granted in compliance with NYSE Listed Company Manual Rule 303A.08 as a material inducement to Gratziani entering into employment with the Company. The Company shall establish the “Base Price” for SARs, provided, that in no event will the Base Price be less than the Fair Market Value (as defined in the Plan) of one share of Common Stock (as defined in the Plan) as of the grant date. The SARs shall have a term of ten years from the date of grant and any SARs that vest pursuant to Section 2.1(b) below shall remain outstanding and exercisable for the full ten-year term.

(b) Fifty-percent (50%) of the SARs shall vest and become exercisable on the first anniversary of the Effective Date and the remaining fifty-percent (50%) of the SARs shall vest and become exercisable on the second anniversary of the Effective Date, provided, that upon a termination of Gratziani’s employment for any reason, any SARs that are outstanding and unvested shall immediately vest upon such termination of employment.

(c) For the avoidance of doubt, the SARs shall be subject to the terms and conditions specified in the award agreement entered into by Gratziani to evidence the grant of the SARs (the “Award Agreement”), and the Company’s insider trading policy.

2.2 Payment for Waived Payout. In consideration for Global Sales entering into this Agreement and waiving its rights and interest under the Distributorship Agreement, including waiving its rights to any Waived Payout, and for the Company to retain and have all rights to and interest in Waived Payout otherwise due to Global Sales under the Distributorship Agreement, the Company shall pay Global Sales an amount equal to \$4,753,994 that will be payable as follows: (i) \$3,000,000 payable in a single lump sum cash payment within 10 days following the Effective Date (the “First Cash Payment”); (ii) \$1,000,000 (the “Second Cash Payment”) in a single lump sum cash payment within 10 days following the first anniversary of the Effective Date and (iii) \$753,994 (the “Third Cash Payment”) in a single lump sum cash payment within 10 days following the second anniversary of the Effective Date.

3. Term. The term of this Agreement will begin on the Effective Date and will end on December 31, 2026 (the “Term”); provided, however, that at all times Gratziani’s employment with the Company shall be on an “at will” basis, meaning Gratziani or the Company may terminate it at any time for any or no reason.

4. Representations and Warranties of the Company; No Assumption of Liabilities. The Company hereby represents and warrants to Gratziani and Global Sales as of the Effective Date as follows:

4.1 Organization and Standing. The Company is a Cayman Islands exempted company duly incorporated with limited liability, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the Cayman Islands and has all requisite corporate power and authority to carry on its business as now being conducted.

4.2 Authorization; Enforceability. The Company has all requisite corporate power and authority to enter into and to perform its obligations under this Agreement, to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and to otherwise carry out its obligations hereunder. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by the Company and the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of the Company and no further action is required by the Company, its Board of Directors or its shareholders. This Agreement has been (or upon delivery will have been) duly executed by the Company and, when delivered in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof, will constitute the valid and binding obligation of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms, except (i) as limited by general equitable principles and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium and other laws of general application affecting enforcement of creditors' rights generally, and (ii) as limited by laws relating to the availability of specific performance, injunctive relief or other equitable remedies.

4.3 No Conflicts; No Violation. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by the Company, and the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby do not conflict with or result in a violation of any provision of the Company's Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association. Except as specifically contemplated by this Agreement and as required under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and any applicable state securities laws or any listing agreement with any securities exchange or automated quotation system, the Company is not required to obtain any consent, authorization or order of (other than those obtained on or prior to the date hereof), or make any filing or registration with, any court or governmental agency or any regulatory or self-regulatory agency in order for it to execute, deliver or perform any of its obligations under this Agreement in accordance with the terms hereof.

#### 5. Representations and Warranties of Gratziani and Global Sales.

5.1 No Other Entitlement to Rights to and Interest in the Distributorship. No other person has any rights to or interests in the Distributorship other than Global Sales. Gratziani is the sole shareholder of Global Sales.

5.2 Organization and Standing. Global Sales is a corporation duly incorporated, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of Florida and has all requisite corporate power and authority to carry on its business as now being conducted.

5.3 Authorization; Enforcement. Each of Gratziani and Global Sales has all requisite power and authority to enter into and to perform his or its, as applicable, obligations under this Agreement, to consummate the transactions contemplated hereby and to otherwise carry out his or its, as applicable, obligations hereunder. The execution, delivery and performance of this Agreement by Global Sales and the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated hereby have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of Global Sales and no further action is required by Global Sales, its Board of Directors or its shareholders. This Agreement has been (or upon delivery will have been) duly executed by each of Gratziani and Global Sales and, when delivered in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof, will constitute the valid and binding obligation of each of Gratziani and Global Sales, enforceable against each of them in accordance with its terms.

5.4 Advice of Counsel. Each of Gratziani and Global Sales has freely and voluntarily entered into this Agreement with the advice of legal counsel of his and its choosing, or has knowingly waived the right to do so.

5.5 Tax Reporting and Advisors. Each of Gratziani and Global Sales has reviewed with his or its own tax advisors, as applicable, the U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of this investment and the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. With respect to such matters, each of Gratziani and Global Sales relies solely on such advisors and not on any statements or representations of the Company or any of its agents, written or oral. Each of Gratziani and Global Sales understands that he or it, as applicable, and not the Company, shall be responsible for his or its, as applicable, own tax liability that may arise as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement. Neither Company nor any of its affiliates is guaranteeing or will have any liability to Gratziani and Global Sales in respect of the tax treatment of the transactions contemplated hereby.

6. Indemnification. Each party hereby agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless each other, and, as applicable, the other party's affiliates, subsidiaries, employees, officers, directors, shareholders, attorneys and agents, from and against any and all third-party claims, and any and all losses, liabilities, demands and expenses whatsoever, including, without limitation, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, arising out of or in connection with any breach by the indemnifying party of its representations, warranties, covenants or obligations or any negligent or wrongful act of or by such party in the performance of its duties under this Agreement or, in the case of Gratziani and Global Sales, arising out of the Distributorship or any tax liabilities or withholding obligations imposed on the Company in connection with payments made to Global Sales under Section 2.2.

#### 7. Miscellaneous.

7.1 Governing Law; Jurisdiction. This Agreement is to be construed in accordance with and governed by the internal laws of the State of California (as permitted by Section 1646.5 of the California Civil Code or any similar successor provision) without giving effect to any choice of law rule that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdiction other than the internal laws of the State of California to the rights and duties of the parties.

7.2 Dispute Resolution. Subject only to Section 7.3, all disputes, controversies or differences ("Disputes") which may arise between the parties in connection with this Agreement will be settled finally by arbitration, in accordance with the then-current commercial arbitration rules of the American Arbitration Association (the "Rules"), conducted in Los Angeles, California in the English language. All Disputes will be decided by a single neutral arbitrator selected in accordance with the Rules. The parties will be entitled to conduct discovery, and the arbitrator will be empowered to make decisions under California law on any and all discovery matters, including without limitation, decisions regarding the availability, timing and scope of discovery. The decision of the arbitrator will be conclusive, final and binding upon the parties. Judgment upon the arbitral award may be entered in any court having jurisdiction over the parties or their assets. The arbitrator will have the authority to award equitable relief, damages, costs and fees as a court of law would have for the particular claim(s) asserted. The prevailing party in any arbitration will be entitled to reimbursement of its costs, including court and arbitration costs and expert witnesses' and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

7.3 Equitable Relief. Gratziani and Global Sales acknowledge and agree that (a) their breach or threatened breach of any of their obligations under Section 1.1 would give rise to irreparable harm to the Company for which monetary damages would not be an adequate remedy and (b) if their breach or a threatened breach of any such obligations occurs, the Company will, in addition to any and all other rights and remedies that may be available to it at law, at equity, or otherwise in respect of such breach, be entitled to equitable relief, including a temporary restraining



order, an injunction, specific performance and any other relief that may be available from a court of competent jurisdiction, without any requirement to (i) post a bond or other security, or (ii) prove actual damages or that monetary damages will not afford an adequate remedy. Gratziani and Global Sales agree that neither shall oppose or otherwise challenge the appropriateness of equitable relief or the entry by a court of competent jurisdiction of an order granting equitable relief, in either case, consistent with the terms of this Section 7.3.

7.4 Severability of Provisions. In the event that any provision of this Agreement should ever be adjudicated by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable, then such provision shall be deemed reformed to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, and the invalidity or unenforceability of any provision shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement.

7.5 Entire Agreement. The terms of this Agreement are intended by the parties to be the final expression of their agreement with respect to the subject matter hereof and this Agreement supersedes (and may not be contradicted by, modified or supplemented by) any prior or contemporaneous agreement, written or oral, with respect thereto. The parties further intend that this Agreement shall constitute the complete and exclusive statement of its terms and that no extrinsic evidence whatsoever may be introduced in any judicial, administrative, or other legal proceeding to vary the terms of this Agreement.

7.6 Amendments; Waivers. This Agreement may not be modified or amended except by an instrument in writing, signed by Gratziani and a duly authorized representative of the Company. No waiver of any of the provisions of this Agreement, whether by conduct or otherwise, in any one or more instances, shall be deemed to be construed as a further, continuing, or subsequent waiver of any such provision or as a waiver of any other provision of this Agreement. No failure to exercise and no delay in exercising any right, remedy or power hereunder shall preclude any other or further exercise of any other right, remedy, or power provided herein or by law or in equity.

7.7 Notices. Any notices required or permitted to be given under the terms of this Agreement must be sent by certified or registered mail (return receipt requested) or delivered personally or by courier (including a recognized overnight delivery service) or by electronic transmission and will be effective five days after being placed in the mail, if mailed by regular

U.S. mail, or upon receipt, if delivered personally, by courier (including a recognized overnight delivery service) or by facsimile, in each case addressed to a party. The addresses for such communications are:

If to the Company:

c/o Herbalife International of America, Inc. 800 West Olympic Blvd. Suite  
406  
Los Angeles, California 90015 Attention: General Counsel

If to Gratziani or Global Sales, to the address on file in the Company's records Each party will provide written notice to the other parties of any change in its address.

7.8 Assignment. No party may assign either this Agreement or any of its rights, interests, or obligations hereunder without the prior written approval of the other parties. Subject to the

preceding sentence, this Agreement will be binding upon, inure to the benefit of, and be enforceable by, the parties and their respective successors and assigns. Notwithstanding the foregoing, except as otherwise prohibited by applicable law, in the event of Gratziani's eventual death, his rights under this Agreement, subject to obligations herein, shall automatically transfer to his spouse, trust, or, if none, then to his estate pursuant to his instructions.

7.9 No Third-Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is intended for the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective permitted successors and assigns, and is not for the benefit of, nor may any provision hereof be enforced by, any other person.

7.10 Survival. The representation and warranties in Section 5 and any respective obligations of the parties hereunder which by their nature would continue beyond the termination, cancellation or expiration of this Agreement will survive such termination, cancellation or expiration.

7.11 Further Assurances. Each party will do and perform, or cause to be done and performed, all such further acts and things, and will execute and deliver all other agreements, certificates, instruments and documents, as another party may reasonably request in order to carry out the intent and accomplish the purposes of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

7.12 Counterparts; Signatures by Electronic Transmission. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, all of which are considered one and the same agreement and will become effective when counterparts have been signed by each party and delivered to the other parties. This Agreement, once executed by a party, may be delivered to the other parties hereto by electronic transmission of a copy of this Agreement bearing the signature of the party so delivering this Agreement.

7.13 Section 409A. This Agreement is intended to comply with, or be exempt from, from the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement will be interpreted to comply with, or be exempt from, Section 409A of the Code. The Company may amend this Agreement as may be necessary to fully comply with, or be exempt from, Section 409A of the Code and all related rules and regulations in order to preserve the payments and benefits provided hereunder.

7.14 Withholding. Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, the Company and its affiliates shall have the right to deduct and withhold (or cause to be deducted and withheld) from any amounts required to be paid pursuant to this Agreement such amounts as it determines it is required to withhold or deduct under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as amended) or any provision of applicable state, local or non-U.S. Law with respect to the making of such payment. Any amounts deducted or withheld shall be treated for all purposes of this Agreement as having been paid pursuant to the term of this Agreement. Consistent with the Plan, at the election of the Company, applicable tax withholdings may be accomplished through the means set forth in Section 18 of the Plan including, without limitation, by: (i) withholding shares to which Gratziani are entitled in an amount necessary to satisfy applicable federal, state, local or foreign income and employment tax withholding obligations; (ii) tendering previously-owned shares to satisfy the applicable federal, state, local, or foreign income and employment tax withholding obligations; (iii) a broker-assisted "cashless" transaction; or (iv) personal check or other acceptable cash equivalent.

[SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first above written.

**HERBALIFE LTD.**

By: /s/ Alex Amezquita  
Name: Alex Amezquita  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

**GLOBAL SALES STRATEGIES INC.**

By: /s/ Stephan Paulo Gratziani  
Name: Stephan Paulo Gratziani  
Title: President  
/s/ Stephan Paulo Gratziani  
Stephan Paulo Gratziani



**RULE 13a-14(a) CERTIFICATION**

I, Michael O. Johnson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Herbalife Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ MICHAEL O. JOHNSON  
Michael O. Johnson  
*Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer*

Dated: April 30, 2025

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**RULE 13a-14(a) CERTIFICATION**

I, John G. DeSimone, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Herbalife Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ JOHN G. DESIMONE  
John G. DeSimone  
*Chief Financial Officer*

Dated: April 30, 2025

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**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**  
**Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**  
**Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Herbalife Ltd., or the Company, on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, or the Report, I, Michael O. Johnson, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ MICHAEL O. JOHNSON  
Michael O. Johnson  
*Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer*

Dated: April 30, 2025

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**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**  
**Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**  
**Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Herbalife Ltd., or the Company, on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, or the Report, I, John G. DeSimone, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ JOHN G. DESIMONE  
John G. DeSimone  
*Chief Financial Officer*

Dated: April 30, 2025

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